

BEFORE THE NATIONAL GREEN TRIBUNAL

PRINCIPAL BENCH, NEW DELHI

Original Application No. 496/2023

IN THE MATTER OF:

SATYENDRA RAWAT

.....APPLICANT

VERSUS

M/S MEDICAL POLLUTION

CONTROL COMMITTEE & ORS.

.....RESPONDENTS

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Dated: 6.9.2023

Filed by:-SHILPI SATYAPRIYA SATYAM
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**AFFIDAVIT ON BEHALF OF THE MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT,
FORESTS & CLIMATE CHANGE, RESPONDENT NO. 2**

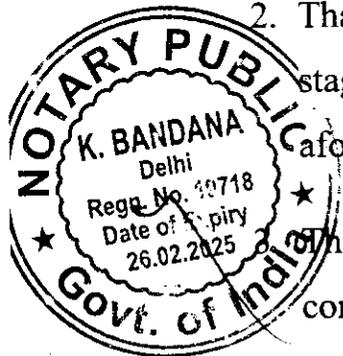
MOST RESPECTFULLY SHOWETH:

I, Ved Prakash Mishra S/o Sh. Ram Sidh Mishra, aged about 49, currently working as Director in the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC), do solemnly affirm and declare as under:-

1. That I am duly authorized by the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, respondent no.2 to swear this affidavit and I am conversant with the facts and circumstances of the present case and am thereby competent to depose as under:

2. That a short affidavit is being filed by the answering Respondent at this stage and craves leave and liberty to file a detailed Counter Affidavit to the aforesaid Petition, as and when required.

That the present petition has been filed for cancellation of consolidated consent and authorization granted to respondent no.1 M/s Medical

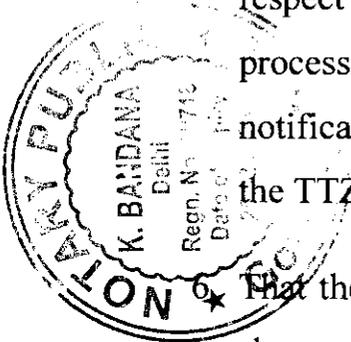


Mishra

Pollution Control committee vide Annexure- A/18 (consent letter dated 27.07.2023) and sealing and demolition of the Bio-Medical Waste Unit or Relocation of the unit according to the guidelines, and away from the city. Further, the applicant has prayed to impose cost and penalty on Respondent No. 1 to obtain the license illegally and destroy the environment and people around it.

4. That in the instant matter, respondent no.1 M/s Medical Pollution Control Committee is operating a Common Bio-Medical Waste Treatment Facility in Taj Trapezium Zone. Taj Trapezium Zone (TTZ) is a defined area of 10,400 sq km around the Taj Mahal to protect the monument from pollution. The Supreme Court of India delivered a ruling on December 30, 1996 regarding industries covered under the TTZ, in response to a PIL filed in the year 1984 by Shri M C Mehta (Writ Petition No. 13381 of 1984).
5. That the answering respondent, vide Gazette Notification S.O. 350 (E) dated 17.05.1999 (**Annexure 1**), superseded by S.O. No. 489 (E) dated 30.04.2003 (**Annexure 2**), amended vide S.O. 36 (E) dated 04.01.2017 (**Annexure 3**), has constituted the Taj Trapezium Zone Pollution (Prevention and Control) Authority that has been empowered under Section 5 of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, to take decision with respect to closure, prohibition or regulation of any industry, operation or process. Further, the answering respondent vide the amendment notification S.O. No. 6035 (E) of 23.12.2022, (**Annexure 4**), the tenure of the TTZA was extended till 30.12.2024.

That the geographical limit of the Taj Trapezium Zone is defined in the shape of a trapezoid between 26° 45'N & 77° 15'E to 27° 45'N & 77° 15'E in the West of the Taj Mahal and in the East of Taj Mahal between



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27° 00' N & 78° 30' E to 27° 30' N & 78° 30' E, lying in the Agra Division of the State of Uttar Pradesh and in the Bharatpur Division of the State of Rajasthan. The Authority shall, within the geographical limits of Agra Division and Bharatpur Division in the Taj Trapezium Zone in the States of Uttar Pradesh and Rajasthan respectively, have the power to -

- (i) monitor the progress of implementation of various schemes for the protection of the Taj Mahal and programmes for the protection and Improvement of the environment in the Taj Trapezium Zone;
- (ii) exercise powers under section 5 of the said Act;
- (iii) take all necessary steps to ensure compliance with specified emission standards by motor vehicles and ensuring compliance with fuel quality standards;
- (iv) deal with any environmental issue which may be referred to it by the Central Government or the State Governments of Uttar Pradesh and Rajasthan relating to the Taj Trapezium Zone.

7. That the foregoing powers and functions of the Authority shall be subject to the overall supervision and control of the Central Government. That the Authority shall be authorized to exercise the powers under section 19 of the said Act. The Authority may co-opt experts for facilitating the work assigned to it. The Authority shall furnish a report about its activities at least once in two months to the answering respondent. The Authority shall have its headquarters at Agra in the State of Uttar Pradesh.

Uttar Hon'ble Supreme Court on date 22.03.2018 while hearing the matter
 that
 IA. No. 57183/2017 in W.P. No. 13381 of 1984, passed an Order



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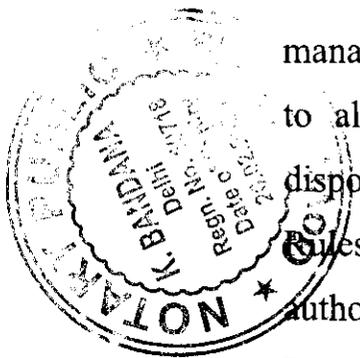
“... It is stated by learned counsel for the State of Uttar Pradesh that the first draft of the vision document will take about four months. Until then, there will be a status quo in the Taj Trapezium Zone (TTZ). List the applications after four months....”

Further the Hon'ble Apex Court revised its Status quo order vide its further order dated 6.12.2019 in IA No. 103908 of 2019 in W.P. No. 13381 of 1984 by Shri M. C. Mehta (**Annexure- 5**).

“.....Learned Counsel for Uttar Pradesh thus submits that in view of compliance of the 'conditional' status quo order, the State Government and other statutory authorities may now be permitted to grant environmental clearances which are necessary for providing essential public facilities including drinking water supply, sewerage treatment plant, drainage system, solid waste disposal, Common Effluent Treatment Plant, Bio Medical Waste Treatment Facility and Waste to Energy Plants etc.”

9. That in the exercise of the powers conferred by sections 6, 8, and 25 of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, the erstwhile Ministry of Environment and Forests vide Gazette Notification No. S. O. 630(E) dated 20th July, 1998 notified, the Biomedical Waste (Management and Handling) Rules, 1998 to put in place a mechanism for scientific management of Bio-medical Waste (BMW). These rules were applicable to all persons who generate, collect, receive, store, transport, treat, dispose of, or handle biomedical waste in any form. According to these Rules, every operator of a bio-medical waste facility is required to obtain authorization in accordance with the procedures specified under the Rules.

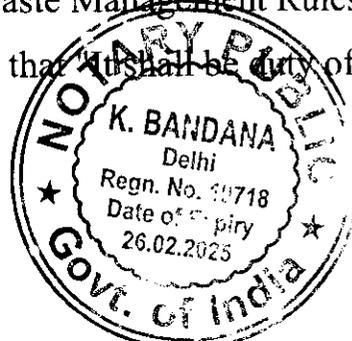
10. That, the Ministry vide Gazette Notification No. G.S.R 343(E) dated 28th March 2016 had notified the Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules, 2016 in supersession of earlier Rules namely the Bio-Medical Waste



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(Management & Handling) Rules, 1998 with the objectives to improve segregation, collection, processing, treatment, and disposal of bio-medical waste in an environmentally sound manner, thereby reducing its impact on the environment. The Ministry has issued an amendment in the Bio- Medical Waste Management (Amended) Rules, 2018, vide G.S.R. No. 234 (E) dated 16th March 2018, GSR No.129(E) dated 19th Feb 2019, and, 360(E) dated 10th May 2019 A copy of the Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules, 2016 and (Amended) copy of the Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules 2018 & amendments are annexed herein as **Annexure- 6, 7, 8 and 9** respectively.

11. That, the new Biomedical Waste Management (BMWM) Rules, 2016 are also uniformly applicable to all persons and institutions involved in the generation and handling of biomedical waste in the country.
12. That, Rule 3 of the Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules, 2016 titled "Definitions" defines "occupier" as "a person having administrative control over the institution and the premises generating bio-medical waste, which includes a hospital, nursing home, clinic, dispensary, veterinary institution, animal house, pathological laboratory, blood bank, health care facility and clinical establishment, irrespective of their system of medicine and by whatever name they are called;"
13. That, Rule 3 of the Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules, 2016 titled "Definitions" defines "prescribed authority" as the State Pollution Control Board in respect of a State and Pollution Control Committees in respect of a Union territory;"
14. That, Rule 4 of the Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules, 2016 titled "Duties of the occupier", mentions that ~~it shall be duty~~ of every occupier to:



Signature

(b) ensure timely collection of bio-medical waste from the occupier as prescribed under these rules;

(c) establish bar coding and global positioning system for handling of bio- medical waste within one year;

(d) inform the prescribed authority immediately regarding the occupiers which are not handing over the segregated bio medical waste in accordance with these rules;

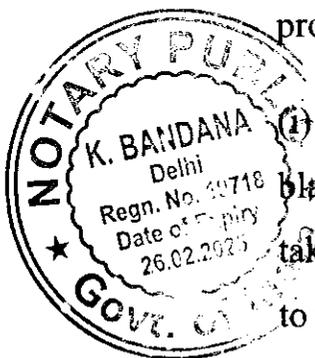
(e) provide training for all its workers involved in handling of bio-medical waste at the time of induction and at least once a year thereafter;

(f) assist the occupier in training conducted by them for bio-medical waste management;

(g) undertake appropriate medical examination at the time of induction and at least once in a year and immunise all its workers involved in handling of bio-medical waste for protection against diseases, including Hepatitis B and Tetanus, that are likely to be transmitted while handling bio medical waste and maintain the records for the same;

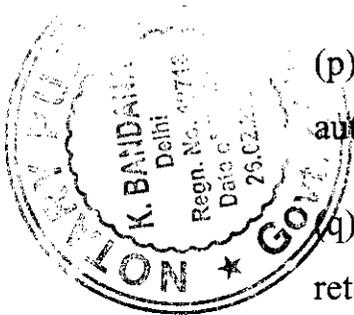
(h) ensure occupational safety of all its workers involved in handling of bio-medical waste by providing appropriate and adequate personal protective equipment;

(i) report major accidents including accidents caused by fire hazards, blasts during handling of bio-medical waste and the remedial action taken and the records relevant thereto, (including nil report) in Form I to the prescribed authority and also along with the annual report;



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- (j) maintain a log book for each of its treatment equipment according to weight of batch; categories of waste treated; time, date and duration of treatment cycle and total hours of operation;
- (k) allow occupier, who are giving waste for treatment to the operator, to see whether the treatment is carried out as per the rules;
- (l) shall display details of authorisation, treatment, annual report etc on its web-site;
- (m) after ensuring treatment by autoclaving or microwaving followed by mutilation or shredding, whichever is applicable, the recyclables from the treated bio-medical wastes such as plastics and glass, shall be given to recyclers having valid consent or authorisation or registration from the respective State Pollution Control Board or Pollution Control Committee;
- (n) supply non-chlorinated plastic-coloured bags to the occupier on chargeable basis, if required;
- (o) common bio-medical waste treatment facility shall ensure collection of biomedical waste on holidays also;
- (p) maintain all record for operation of incineration, hydroor autoclaving for a period of five years; and
- (q) upgrade existing incinerators to achieve the standards for retention time in secondary chamber and Dioxin and Furans within two years from the date of this notification.



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16. That, Rule 7 of the Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules, 2016 titled "Treatment and Disposal" mentions that "

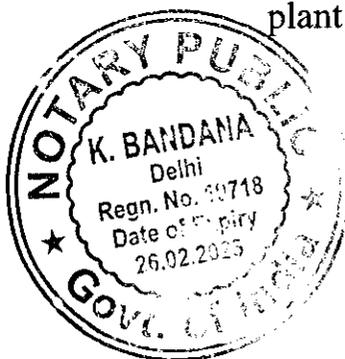
(1) Bio-medical waste shall be treated and disposed of in accordance with Schedule I, and in compliance with the standards provided in Schedule-II by the health care facilities and common bio-medical waste treatment facility.

(2) Occupier shall hand over segregated waste as per the Schedule-I to common bio-medical waste treatment facility for treatment, processing and final disposal. Provided that the lab and highly infectious bio-medical waste generated shall be pre-treated by equipment like autoclave or microwave.

(3) No occupier shall establish on-site treatment and disposal facility, if a service of common bio-medical waste treatment facility is available at a distance of seventy-five kilometre.

(4) In cases where service of the common bio-medical waste treatment facility is not available, the Occupiers shall set up requisite biomedical waste treatment equipment like incinerator, autoclave or microwave, shredder prior to commencement of its operation, as per the authorisation given by the prescribed authority.

(7) Every operator of common bio-medical waste treatment facility shall set up requisite biomedical waste treatment equipments like incinerator, autoclave or microwave, shredder and effluent treatment plant as a part of treatment, prior to commencement of its operation.



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17. It is submitted that the Rule 8 of the Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules, 2016 titled "Segregation, packaging, transportation and storage" mentions that:

storage. -

(1) No untreated bio-medical waste shall be mixed with other wastes.

(2) The bio-medical waste shall be segregated into containers or bags at the point of generation in accordance with Schedule I prior to its storage, transportation, treatment and disposal.

(3) The containers or bags referred to in sub-rule (2) shall be labelled as specified in Schedule IV.

(4) Bar code and global positioning system shall be added by the Occupier and common bio-medical waste treatment facility in one-year time.

(5) The operator of common bio-medical waste treatment facility shall transport the bio-medical waste from the premises of an occupier to any off-site bio-medical waste treatment facility only in the vehicles having label as provided in part 'A' of the Schedule IV along with necessary information as specified in part 'B' of the Schedule.



18. That Rule 9 of the Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules, 2016 titled "Prescribed authority" mentions that " The prescribed authority for the implementation of the provisions of these rules shall be the State Pollution Control Boards in respect of States and Pollution Control Committees in respect of Union territories" and that the prescribed

27/10/25

authorities shall comply with the responsibilities as stipulated in Schedule III of BMWM Rules 2016.

19. That the CPCB has issued guidelines for the implementation of BMWM Rules, 2016, and the establishment and operation of Common Bio-medical Treatment and Disposal Facilities.
20. That, the CPCB guidelines mentions that the concerned State Pollution Control Board/ Pollution Control Committee (SPCBs/ PCCs) is required to carry out a gap analysis of the quantity of BMW generated in any coverage area vis-à-vis the treatment capacity available, with sufficient projections, based on which a new common facility in an area be allowed.
21. That the SPCBs and the State Health Departments are the nodal agencies to ensure the enforcement and implementation of BMWM Rules 2016, which include segregation, collection, transportation, and scientific disposal of waste.
22. That in the instant case, CCA i.e., consolidated consent and authorization is granted under Section-25 of the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, and under Section-21 of the Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981, whereas the Authorization is granted under Rule-6(2) of the Hazardous and Other Wastes (Management and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2016 notified under Environment (Protection) Act, 1986. That the consolidated consent and authorization granted by UPPCB dated 27-07-2023 appears to be incomplete as the principal regulation for grant of authorization to a CBWTF operator is the Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules, 2016, and not Hazardous and Other Wastes (Management and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2016.

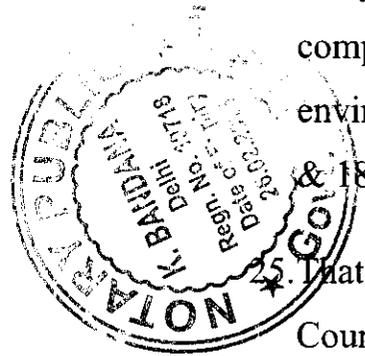


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23. That the authorization under provisions of Hazardous and other Wastes (Management and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2016 does not authorize the CBWTF operator to handle, collect, treat, and dispose of BMW. However, the CCA mentions compliance with BMW Rules, 2016 as a condition, and specific conditions have also been mentioned for BMW management. Additionally, the linkage of treatment or disposal methods mentioned in BMW Rules, 2016 like standards of Autoclaving (Part-3, Schedule-II), segregation of color-coded waste streams, and effluent standards (Part-8, Schedule-II) are not included in the CCA. Similarly, other treatment methods like chemical disinfection/ heat sterilization, as may be applicable, are also not mentioned in the UPPCB letter dated 27.07.2023.

24. That, the answering respondent has also issued D.O. letters to the Chairman of UPPCB; SEIAA, Uttar Pradesh, and Principal Secy., Government of Uttar Pradesh to intervene and ensure gap analysis studies & compliance to BMW Rules 2016/ CPCB guidelines, these provisions must become one of the fundamental grounds of granting ECs/ Consent/ Authorization to HCFs/ CBWTFs. Also, ensure effective monitoring of CBWTFs within their jurisdiction and come under the ambit of the Online Continuous Emission Monitoring System and connect with the CPCB server. In case of insufficient BMW treatment capacity, proper gap analysis be undertaken, and new facilities may be allowed. Further, non-compliant entities be penalized and asked to deposit requisite environmental compensation. Copy of the D.O. Letters dated 14.10.2022 & 18.10.2022 are also annexed herein as **Annexure- 10 (COLLY)**.

That in view of the above, it is most humbly prayed that this Hon'ble Court may kindly pass such order(s) as may be deemed fit and proper in the facts and circumstances of the case.



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26. That no new facts have been taken into in this reply affidavit which were not part of court below.


DEPONENT

वेद प्रकाश मिश्रा
VED PRAKASH MISHRA
निदेशक/Director
पर्यावरण, वन एवं जलवायु परिवर्तन मंत्रालय
Min Environment, Forest and Climate Change
भारत सरकार, नई दिल्ली
Govt of India

VERIFICATION:

08 SEP 2023

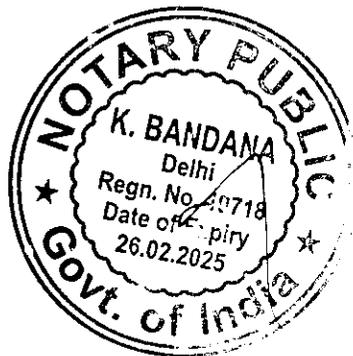
Verified at _____ on this day of _____, 2023 that the contents of the above affidavit are true and correct to my knowledge and as per official records maintained in the routine course of business. No part of the above affidavit is false and nothing material has been concealed therefrom.

for and on behalf of
IDENTIFIED

08 SEP 2023


DEPONENT

वेद प्रकाश मिश्रा
VED PRAKASH MISHRA
निदेशक/Director
पर्यावरण, वन एवं जलवायु परिवर्तन मंत्रालय
Min Environment, Forest and Climate Change
भारत सरकार, नई दिल्ली
Govt of India



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GOVT. OF INDIA
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भारत का राजपत्र The Gazette of India

असाधारण
EXTRAORDINARY

भाग II—खण्ड 3—उप-खण्ड (ii)
PART II—Section 3—Sub-section (ii)

प्रधिकार से प्रकाशित
PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

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No. 258]

नई दिल्ली, मंगलवार, मई 18, 1999/वैशाख 28, 1921
NEW DELHI, TUESDAY, MAY 18, 1999/VAISAKHA 28, 1921

पर्यावरण और वन मंत्रालय

आदेश

नई दिल्ली, 17 मई, 1999

का.आ. 350 (अ).—केन्द्रीय सरकार पर्यावरण (संरक्षण) अधिनियम, 1986 (1986 का 29) (जिसे इसमें इसके पश्चात् उक्त अधिनियम कहा गया है) की धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) और उपधारा (3) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, ताज ट्रापेजियम जोन प्रदूषण (नियंत्रण और प्राधिकरण) अधिनियम (जिसे इसमें प्राधिकरण कहा गया है) के नाम से इस अधिसूचना द्वारा राजपत्र में प्रवृत्तान की तारीख से निम्नलिखित व्यक्तियों को धिलाकर दो वर्ष की अवधि के लिए एक प्राधिकरण गठित करती है, अर्थात् :—

(1) आयुक्ता, आगरा डिवीजन	अध्यक्ष
(2) अध्यक्ष, उत्तर प्रदेश राज्य प्रदूषण नियंत्रण बोर्ड	सदस्य
(3) उप पुलिस महानिरीक्षक, आगरा रेंज	सदस्य
(4) सदस्य-सचिव, केन्द्रीय प्रदूषण नियंत्रण बोर्ड	सदस्य
(5) पेट्रोलियम और प्राकृतिक गैस मंत्रालय का प्रतिनिधि	सदस्य
(6) पर्यावरण और वन मंत्रालय का प्रतिनिधि	सदस्य
(7) भारतीय पुरातत्व सर्वेक्षण का प्रतिनिधि	सदस्य
(8) उपाध्यक्ष, आगरा विकास प्राधिकरण	सदस्य संयोजक

2. प्राधिकरण को उत्तर प्रदेश राज्य में ताज ट्रापेजियम जोन (उपबन्ध देखें) में आगरा डिवीजन की भौगोलिक सीमाओं के अन्दर निम्नलिखित शक्तियाँ होंगी :—

- (1) ताजमहल के संरक्षण के लिए विभिन्न शक्तियों को और ऊपर कथित क्षेत्र में पर्यावरण के संरक्षण और अभिवृद्धि के लिए कार्यक्रमों को कार्यान्वित करने के लिए प्रगति को मॉनीटर करना;
- (2) उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 5 के अधीन शक्तियों का प्रयोग करना;

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- (iii) मोटर वाहनों द्वारा विनिर्दिष्ट उत्सर्जन मानकों के अनुपालन को सुनिश्चित करने के लिए सभी आवश्यक कदम उठाने और ई-क्यालिटी मानकों के अनुपालन को सुनिश्चित करना;
- (iv) उक्त कवचित क्षेत्र से संबंधित केन्द्रीय सरकार या उत्तर प्रदेश की राज्य सरकार द्वारा उसे निर्दिष्ट किसी पर्यावरण संबंधी मुद्दे निपटाना।
3. प्राधिकरण की पूर्ववर्ती शक्तियाँ और फलतः केन्द्रीय सरकार के सम्पूर्ण पर्यवेक्षण और नियंत्रण में होंगे।
4. प्राधिकरण उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 19 के अन्धीन शक्तियों का प्रयोग करने के लिए प्राधिकृत होगा।
5. राज् झपेजियम जोन (उपबन्ध देखें) की भौगोलिक सीमाएँ ताजमहल के परिवर्ष में 26° 45' उ त् 77° 15' पू से 27° 45' उ तथा 77° 15' पू के बीच में और ताजमहल के पूर्व में 27° 00' उ तथा 78° 30' पू से 27° 30' उ तथा 78° 30' पू के बीच विष चतुर्भुजकार में निर्धारित की गई है।
6. प्राधिकरण उन्हें समनुदेशित कार्य को सुकर बनाने के लिए विशेषज्ञों को सहयोजित कर सकेगा।
7. प्राधिकरण अपने क्रियाकलापों की रिपोर्ट दो मास में कम से कम एक बार केन्द्रीय सरकार के पर्यावरण और वन मंत्रालय को देगा।
8. प्राधिकरण का मुख्यालय उत्तर प्रदेश राज्य के आगत में स्थित होगा।

[पत्र.सं. जेड-20018/1/99-सी.पी.ए.

विजय शर्मा, संयुक्त सचिव

MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS

ORDER'

New Delhi, the 17th May, 1999

S.O. 350 (E).—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections (1) and (3) of section 3 of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 (29 of 1986) (hereinafter referred to as the said Act), the Central Government hereby constitutes an authority to be known as the Taj Trapezium Zone Pollution (Prevention and Control) Authority (herein referred to as the Authority) consisting of the following persons for a period of two years with effect from the date of publication of this notification in the Official Gazette, namely :—

- | | | | |
|-----|--|----|------------------|
| (1) | Commissioner, Agra Division. | — | Chairman. |
| (2) | Chairman, Uttar Pradesh State Pollution Control Board. | -- | Member. |
| (3) | Deputy Inspector General of Police, Agra Range. | -- | Member. |
| (4) | Member-Secretary, Central Pollution Control Board. | — | Member. |
| (5) | A representative of the Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas. | — | Member. |
| (6) | A representative of the Ministry of Environment and Forests. | — | Member. |
| (7) | A representative of the Archaeological Survey of India. | — | Member. |
| (8) | Vice-Chairman, Agra Development Authority. | -- | Member-Convener. |

- 2 The authority shall, within the geographical limits of Agra Division in the Taj Trapezium Zone (see Annexure) in the State of Uttar Pradesh, have the power to—
- (i) monitor progress of the implementation of various schemes for protection of the Taj Mahal and programmes for protection and improvement of the environment in the above said area ;
- (ii) exercise powers under section 5 of the said act;
- (iii) take all necessary steps to ensure compliance of specified emission standards by motor vehicles and ensuring compliance of fuel quality standards;
- (iv) deal with any environmental issue which may be referred to it by the Central Government or the State Government of Uttar Pradesh relating to the above said area;

3. The foregoing powers and functions of the Authority shall be subject to the overall supervision and control of the Central Government.
4. The Authority shall be authorised to exercise the powers under section 19 of the said Act.
5. The geographical limits of the Taj Trapezium Zone (see Annexure) have been defined in the shape of a trapezium between 26° 45' N & 77° 15' E to 27° 45' N & 77° 15' E in the West of the Taj Mahal and in the East of the Taj Mahal between 27° 00' N & 78° 30' E to 27° 30' N & 78° 30' E.
6. The Authority may co-opt experts for facilitating the work assigned to it.
7. The Authority shall furnish a report about its activities at least once in two months to the Central Government in the Ministry of Environment and Forests.
8. The Authority shall have its headquarters at Agra in the State of Uttar Pradesh.

File No. Z-20018/1/99-C
VIJAI SHARMA, Jr. :



भारत का राजपत्र

The Gazette of India

असाधारण
EXTRAORDINARY

भाग II—खण्ड 3—उप-खण्ड (ii)

PART II—Section 3—Sub-section (ii)

प्राधिकार से प्रकाशित

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

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No. 402]

दिल्ली, बुधस्वतिवार, मई 1, 2003/वैशाख 11, 1925
NEW DELHI, THURSDAY, MAY 1, 2003/VAISAKHA 11, 1925

पर्यावरण और वन मंत्रालय

आदेश

नई दिल्ली, 30 अप्रैल, 2003

का.आ. 489(अ).— केन्द्रीय सरकार, पर्यावरण (संरक्षण) अधिनियम, 1986 (1986 का 29) (जिसे इसमें इसके पश्चात् उक्त अधिनियम कहा गया है) की धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) और उपधारा (3) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए और भारत सरकार के पर्यावरण और वन मंत्रालय के संकाओओ 350(अ), तारीख 17 मई, 1999 के आदेश का अधिकरण करते हुए उन बातों के सिवाय, जिन्हें ऐसे अधिकरण से पूर्व किया गया है या करने का लोप किया गया है, ताज ट्रापेजियम जोन प्रदूषण (निवारण और नियंत्रण) प्राधिकरण (जिसे इसमें इसके पश्चात् प्राधिकरण कहा गया है) के नाम से निम्नलिखित व्यक्तियों को मिलाकर राजपत्र में इस आदेश के प्रकाशन की तारीख से दो वर्ष की अवधि के लिए प्राधिकरण का पुनर्गठन करती है, अर्थात् :—

- | | |
|---|-----------|
| 1. प्रधान सचिव/सचिव, पर्यावरण विभाग, उत्तर प्रदेश सरकार | अध्यक्ष |
| 2. आयुक्त, आगरा डिवीजन | उपाध्यक्ष |
| 3. उप पुलिस महानिरीक्षक, आगरा रेंज | सदस्य |
| 4. सदस्य सचिव, केन्द्रीय प्रदूषण नियंत्रण बोर्ड | सदस्य |
| 5. पर्यावरण और वन मंत्रालय का एक प्रतिनिधि | सदस्य |
| 6. पेट्रोलियम और प्राकृतिक गैस मंत्रालय का एक प्रतिनिधि | सदस्य |
| 7. भारतीय पुरासत्व सर्वेक्षण का एक प्रतिनिधि | सदस्य |
| 8. निगम आयुक्त, आगरा | सदस्य |
| 9. जिला मजिस्ट्रेट, आगरा | सदस्य |
| 10. उपाध्यक्ष, आगरा विकास प्राधिकरण | सदस्य |
| 11. सदस्य सचिव, राजस्थान प्रदूषण नियंत्रण बोर्ड | सदस्य |
| 12. सचिव, पर्यावरण, राजस्थान सरकार का एक प्रतिनिधि | सदस्य |
| 13. जिला मजिस्ट्रेट, भरतपुर, राजस्थान | सदस्य |
| 14. उप पुलिस महानिरीक्षक, भरतपुर रेंज | सदस्य |
| 15. उप मुख्य वन्य जीव वार्डन, भरतपुर पक्षी अभ्यारण्य | सदस्य |

16. सचिव, शहरी विकास न्यास, भरतपुर	सदस्य
17. अधीक्षण खनन इंजीनियर, खनन विभाग, भरतपुर	सदस्य
18. सदस्य सचिव, उत्तर प्रदेश प्रदूषण नियंत्रण बोर्ड	सदस्य- संयोजक

2. ताज ट्रापेजियम जोन (उपाबंध देखें) की भौगोलिक सीमाएं ताजमहल के पश्चिम में 28° 45' उ और 77° 15' पू से 27° 45' उ और 77° 15' पू तक के बीच में और ताजमहल पूर्व में 27° 00' उ और 78° 30' पू से 27° 30' उ तथा 78° 30' पू के बीच, जो उत्तर प्रदेश के आगरा में और राजस्थान राज्य के भरतपुर डिवीजन में हैं, एक घतुर्भुजाकार के रूप में परिभाषित की गई हैं।

3. प्राधिकरण को ताज ट्रापेजियम जोन की, आगरा डिवीजन और भरतपुर डिवीजन की, जो क्रमशः उत्तर प्रदेश राज्य और राजस्थान राज्य में हैं, भौगोलिक सीमाओं के भीतर निम्नलिखित शक्तियां होंगी-

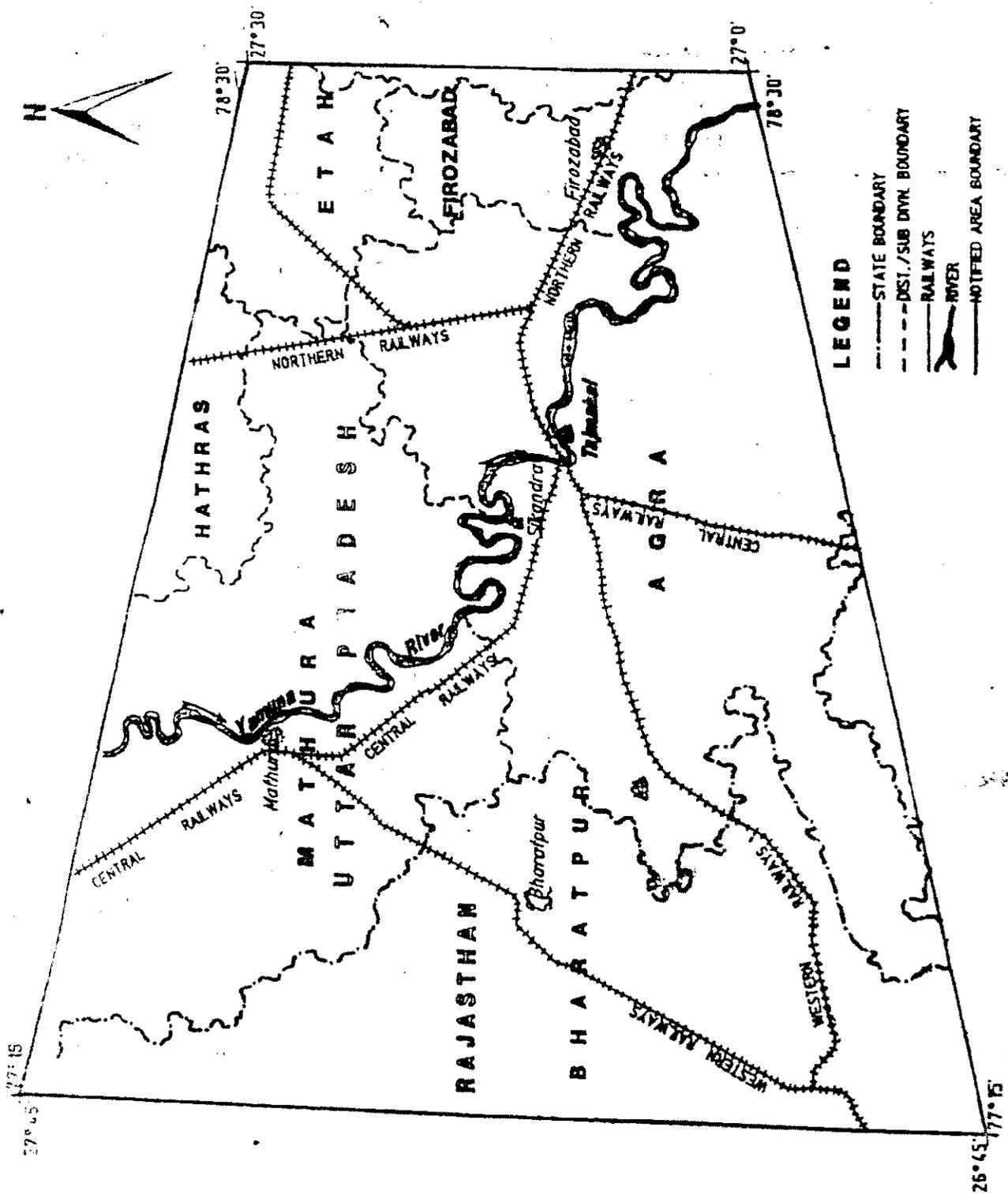
- (i) ताजमहल के संरक्षण के लिए विभिन्न स्कीमों के क्रियान्वयन की प्रगति को मानीटर करना और ताज ट्रापेजियम जोन में पर्यावरण के संरक्षण और सुधार के लिए कार्य को मानीटर करना ;
 - (ii) उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 25 के अधीन शक्तियों का प्रयोग करना ;
 - (iii) मोटर यानों द्वारा विनिर्दिष्ट उत्सर्जन मानकों के अनुपालन को सुनिश्चित करने के लिए सभी आवश्यक कदम उठाना और ईंधन क्वालिटी मानकों के अनुपालन को सुनिश्चित करना ;
 - (iv) ताज ट्रापेजियम जोन से संबंधित उक्त केन्द्रीय सरकार या उत्तर प्रदेश और राजस्थान राज्य सरकारों द्वारा निर्दिष्ट किसी पर्यावरण संबंधी मुद्दे को निपटाना ।
4. प्राधिकरण की पूर्ववर्ती शक्तियां और कृत्य केन्द्रीय सरकार के संपूर्ण पर्यवेक्षण और नियंत्रण के अधीन होंगी ।
 5. प्राधिकरण उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 19 के अधीन शक्तियों का प्रयोग करने के लिए प्राधिकृत होगा ।
 6. प्राधिकरण, उसे समनुदेशित कार्य को सुकर बनाने के लिए विशेषज्ञों को सहयोजित कर सकेगा ।
 7. प्राधिकरण अपने क्रियाकलापों की रिपोर्ट दो मास में कम से कम एक बार केन्द्रीय सरकार के पर्यावरण और वन मंत्रालय को देगा ।
 8. प्राधिकरण का मुख्यालय उत्तर प्रदेश के आगरा में स्थित होगा ।

[फ. सं. जेड-20018/1/99-सीपीए]

सी. विश्वनाथ, संयुक्त सचिव

उपाबंध
(पैरा 2 देखें)

ताज द्रापेजियम की भौगोलिक सीमाएं



MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS

ORDER

New Delhi, the 30th April, 2003

S.O. 489(E)— In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections (1) and (3) of section 3 of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 (29 of 1986) (hereinafter referred to as the said Act) and in supersession of the Order of the Government of India in the Ministry of Environment and Forests, number S.O. 350(E), dated 17th May, 1999, except as things done or omitted to be done before such supersession, the Central Government hereby re-constitutes the Taj Trapezium Zone Pollution (Prevention and Control) Authority (hereinafter referred to as the Authority), consisting of the following persons, for a period of two years with effect from the date of publication of this Order in the Official Gazette, namely :-

- | | |
|---|------------------|
| 1. Principal Secretary/ Secretary, Environment Department,
Government of Uttar Pradesh | Chairman |
| 2. Commissioner, Agra Division | Vice Chairman |
| 3. Deputy Inspector General of Police, Agra Range | Member |
| 4. Member Secretary, Central Pollution Control Board | Member |
| 5. A representative of the Ministry of Environment and
Forests | Member |
| 6. A representative of the Ministry of Petroleum and
Natural Gas | Member |
| 7. A representative of the Archaeological Survey of India | Member |
| 8. Municipal Commissioner, Agra | Member |
| 9. District Magistrate, Agra | Member |
| 10. Vice Chairman, Agra Development Authority | Member |
| 11. Member Secretary, Rajasthan Pollution Control Board | Member |
| 12. A representative of Secretary, Environment,
Government of Rajasthan | Member |
| 13. District Magistrate, Bharatpur, Rajasthan | Member |
| 14. Deputy Inspector General of Police, Bharatpur Range. | Member |
| 15. Deputy Chief Wild Life Warden, Bharatpur Birds
Sanctuary. | Member |
| 16. Secretary, Urban Improvement Trust, Bharatpur. | Member |
| 17. Superintending Mining Engineer, Department of
Mines, Bharatpur. | Member |
| 18. Member Secretary, Uttar Pradesh Pollution
Control Board | Member-Convencor |

2. The geographical limits of the Taj Trapezium Zone (see Annexure) is defined in the shape of a trapezoid between 26° 45'N & 77° 15'E to 27° 45'N & 77° 15'E in the West of the Taj Mahal and in the East of Taj Mahal between 27° 00' N & 78° 30' E to 27° 30'N & 78° 30'E, lying in the Agra Division of the State of Uttar Pradesh and in the Bharatpur Division of the State of Rajasthan.

3. The Authority shall, within the geographical limits of Agra Division and Bharatpur Division in the Taj Trapezium Zone in the States of Uttar Pradesh and Rajasthan respectively, have the power to -

- (i) monitor the progress of implementation of various schemes for protection of the Taj Mahal and programmes for protection and improvement of the environment in Taj Trapezium Zone;
- (ii) exercise powers under section 5 of the said Act;
- (iii) take all necessary steps to ensure compliance of specified emission standards by motor vehicles and ensuring compliance of fuel quality standards;
- (iv) deal with any environmental issue which may be referred to it by the Central Government or the State Governments of Uttar Pradesh and Rajasthan relating to the Taj Trapezium Zone.

4. The foregoing powers and functions of the Authority shall be subject to the overall supervision and control of the Central Government.

5. The Authority shall be authorised to exercise the powers under section 19 of the said Act.

6. The Authority may co-opt experts for facilitating the work assigned to it.

7. The Authority shall furnish a report about its activities at least once in two months to the Central Government in the Ministry of Environment and Forests.

8. The Authority shall have its headquarters at Agra in the State of Uttar Pradesh.

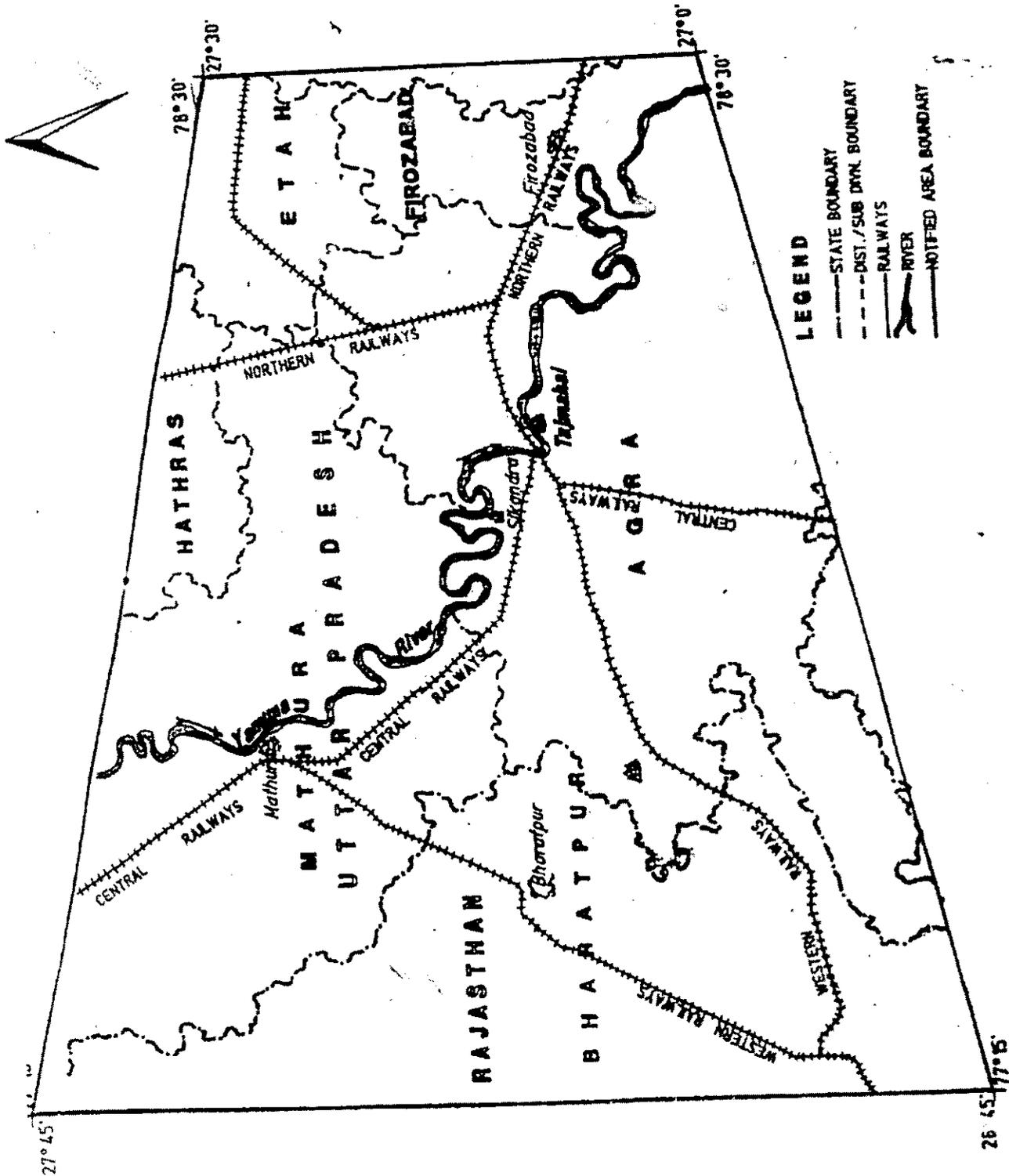
[F.No. Z-20018/1/99-CPA]

C. VISWANATH, Jr. Secy.

1231 2/1/03-2

ANNEXURE
(see paragraph 2)

23



LEGEND

- STATE BOUNDARY
- - - DIST./SUB DIVN. BOUNDARY
- RAILWAYS
- RIVER
- NOTIFIED AREA BOUNDARY

GEOGRAPHICAL LIMITS OF THE TAJ TRAPEZIUM ZONE

रजिस्ट्री सं० बी० एल०-33004/99

REGD. NO. D. L.-33004/99



भारत का राजपत्र

The Gazette of India

असाधारण

EXTRAORDINARY

भाग II—खण्ड 3—उप-खण्ड (ii)

PART II—Section 3—Sub-section (ii)

प्राधिकार से प्रकाशित

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

सं. 33]

नई दिल्ली, बुधस्वतिवार, जनवरी 5, 2017/पास 15, 1938

No. 33]

NEW DELHI, THURSDAY, JANUARY 5, 2017/PAUSA 15, 1938

पर्यावरण, वन और जलवायु परिवर्तन मंत्रालय

आदेश

नई दिल्ली, 4 जनवरी, 2017

का.आ. 36(अ).—केंद्रीय सरकार, पर्यावरण (संरक्षण) अधिनियम, 1986 (1986 का 29) की धारा 3 की उप-धारा (1) और (3) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए और भारत सरकार के पर्यावरण और वन मंत्रालय के आदेश का.आ. संख्याक 489 (अ), तारीख 30 अप्रैल, 2003 में निम्नलिखित संशोधन करती है, अर्थात:-

उक्त आदेश में, पैरा 1 में, -

- (i) "तेरह वर्ष और आठ महीने की अवधि के लिए" शब्दों के स्थान पर "त्रिंशद वर्ष और आठ महीने की अवधि के लिए" शब्द रखे जाएंगे।
- (ii) उक्त क्रम सं. 1 से 18 और उनसे संबंधित प्रविष्टियों के स्थान पर निम्नलिखित रखी जाएंगी, अर्थात:-

1. आयुक्त आगरा प्रभाग	अध्यक्ष
2. जिला मजिस्ट्रेट, आगरा, उत्तर प्रदेश	उपाध्यक्ष
3. जिला मजिस्ट्रेट, मथुरा, उत्तर प्रदेश	सदस्य
4. जिला मजिस्ट्रेट, एटा, उत्तर प्रदेश	सदस्य
5. जिला मजिस्ट्रेट, हाथरस, उत्तर प्रदेश	सदस्य
6. जिला मजिस्ट्रेट, फिरोजाबाद, उत्तर प्रदेश	सदस्य
7. जिला मजिस्ट्रेट, भरतपुर, राजस्थान	सदस्य
8. सचिव, पर्यावरण, और वन मंत्रालय, भारत अथवा उनके प्रतिनिधि	सदस्य

9. सचिव, पेट्रोलियम और प्राकृतिक गैस मंत्रालय अथवा उनके प्रतिनिधि	सदस्य
10. महानिदेशक, भारतीय पुरातत्व सर्वेक्षण अथवा उनके प्रतिनिधि	सदस्य
11. नगरपालिका आयुक्त, आगरा	सदस्य
12. प्रधान सचिव, पर्यावरण विभाग, उत्तर प्रदेश सरकार अथवा उनके प्रतिनिधि	सदस्य
13. सचिव, पर्यावरण विभाग, राजस्थान सरकार अथवा उनके प्रतिनिधि	सदस्य
14. सदस्य सचिव, केंद्रीय प्रदूषण नियंत्रण बोर्ड अथवा उनके प्रतिनिधि	सदस्य
15. सदस्य सचिव, उत्तर प्रदेश प्रदूषण नियंत्रण बोर्ड अथवा उनके प्रतिनिधि	सदस्य
16. सदस्य सचिव, राजस्थान प्रदूषण नियंत्रण बोर्ड अथवा उनके प्रतिनिधि	सदस्य
17. उप महानिरीक्षक पुलिस, भरतपुर रेंज	सदस्य
18. उप महानिरीक्षक पुलिस, आगरा रेंज अथवा उनके प्रतिनिधि	सदस्य
19. उप मुख्य वन्य जीव वार्डन, भरतपुर पक्षी अभयारण्य	सदस्य
20. खनन अधीक्षण इंजीनियर, खान और भू-विज्ञान विभाग, भरतपुर, राजस्थान	सदस्य
21. जनता/सिविल सोसाइटी के तीन (3) प्रतिनिधि, जो केंद्रीय सरकार द्वारा नामनिर्दिष्ट किए जाएं	सदस्य
22. उपाध्यक्ष, आगरा विकास प्राधिकरण	सदस्य-संयोजक

[फा. सं. जेड-20018/1/99-सीपीए]

अरुण कुमार मेहता, संयुक्त सचिव

टिप्पण- मूल आदेश भारत के राजपत्र में का.आ. 489(अ), तारीख 30 अप्रैल, 2003 द्वारा प्रकाशित किया गया था और पश्चातवर्ती में का.आ. 56(अ), तारीख 14 जनवरी, 2005, का.आ. 253(अ), तारीख 19 फरवरी, 2007, का.आ. 1539(अ), तारीख 24 जून, 2008, का.आ. 3303(अ), तारीख 29 दिसम्बर, 2009, का.आ. 2866(अ), तारीख 27 दिसम्बर, 2011, का.आ. 3822(अ) तारीख 27 दिसम्बर, 2013. और का.आ. 3553(अ), तारीख 30 दिसम्बर, 2015 के द्वारा संशोधित किया गया था।

MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT, FOREST AND CLIMATE CHANGE

ORDER

New Delhi, the 4th January, 2017

S. O. 36 (E). – In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections (1) and (3) of section 3 of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 (29 of 1986) the Central Government hereby makes the following amendments in the Order of the Government of India in the Ministry of Environment and Forest number S.O. 489(E), dated 30th April, 2005, namely:-

In the said Order, in paragraph 1.-

- (i) for the words "for a period of thirteen years and eight months" the words "for a period of fifteen years and eight months" shall be substituted;
- (ii) for said number 1 to 18 and the entries relating thereto, the following shall be substituted, namely:-

1. Commissioner, Agra Division	Chairman
2. District Magistrate, Agra, Uttar Pradesh	Vice-Chairman
3. District Magistrate, Mathura, Uttar Pradesh	Member

4.	District Magistrate, Etah, Uttar Pradesh	Member
5.	District Magistrate, Hathras, Uttar Pradesh	Member
6.	District Magistrate, Firozabad, Uttar Pradesh	Member
7.	District Magistrate, Bharatpur, Rajasthan	Member
8.	Secretary, Ministry of Environment and Forests, Government of India or his Representative	Member
9.	Secretary, Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas or his Representative	Member
10.	Director General, Archaeological Survey of India or his Representative	Member
11.	Municipal Commissioner, Agra	Member
12.	Principal Secretary, Environment Department, Government of Uttar Pradesh or his Representative	Member
13.	Secretary, Environment Department, Government of Rajasthan or his Representative	Member
14.	Member Secretary, Central Pollution Control Board or his Representative	Member
15.	Member Secretary, Uttar Pradesh Pollution Control Board or his Representative	Member
16.	Member Secretary, Rajasthan Pollution Control Board or his Representative	Member
17.	Deputy Inspector General of Police, Bharatpur Range	Member
18.	Deputy Inspector General of Police, Agra Range or his Representative	Member
19.	Deputy Chief Wildlife Warden, Bharatpur Birds Sanctuary	Member
20.	Superintending Mining Engineer, Department of Mines and Geology, Bharatpur, Rajasthan	Member
21.	Three (3) Representatives Public / Civil Society to be nominated by the Central Government	Member
22.	Vice-Chairman, Agra Development Authority	Member- Convenor

[F No. Z-20018/1/99-CPA]

ARUN KUMAR MEHTA, Jr. Secy.

Note- The principal Order was published in the Gazette of India vide number S.O. 489(E), dated 30th April, 2003 and subsequently amended vide S.O. 56(E), dated 14th January, 2005, S.O. 253(E), dated 19th February, 2007, S.O. 1539(E), dated 24th June, 2008, S.O. 3303 (E), dated 29th December, 2009, S.O. 2866(E), dated 27th December, 2011, S.O. 3822(E), dated 27th December, 2013, and S.O. 3553(E), dated 30th December, 2015.



सत्यमेव जयते

भारत का राजपत्र

The Gazette of India

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असाधारण
EXTRAORDINARY

भाग II—खण्ड 3—उप-खण्ड (ii)
PART II—Section 3—Sub-section (ii)

प्राधिकार से प्रकाशित
PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

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नई दिल्ली, शुक्रवार, दिसम्बर 23, 2022/पौष 2, 1944
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पर्यावरण, वन और जलवायु परिवर्तन मंत्रालय

अधिसूचना

नई दिल्ली, 23 दिसम्बर, 2022

का.आ. 6035(अ).—केंद्रीय सरकार, पर्यावरण (संरक्षण) अधिनियम, 1986 (1986 का 29) की धारा 3 की उप-धारा (1) और (3) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, तत्कालीन पर्यावरण एवं वन मंत्रालय में भारत सरकार के आदेश क्रमांक का.आ. 489(अ), तारीख 30 अप्रैल, 2003, जो भारत के राजपत्र, असाधारण, भाग 2, खंड 3, उप-खंड (ii) में प्रकाशित की गई, का और निम्नलिखित संशोधन करती है अर्थात्: -

उक्त आदेश में, पैरा 1 में, "उन्नीस वर्ष और आठ महीने की अवधि के लिए" शब्दों के स्थान पर, "इक्कीस वर्ष और आठ महीने की अवधि के लिए" शब्द रखे जाएंगे।

[फा.सं. जेड-20018/1/1999-मीपीए]

नरेश पाल गंगवार, अपर सचिव

टिप्पण: मूल आदेश भारत के राजपत्र, असाधारण, भाग 2, खंड 3, उपखंड (ii) में संख्यांक का.आ. 489(अ), तारीख 30 अप्रैल, 2003 और तत्पश्चात् संख्यांक का.आ.56(अ), तारीख 14 जनवरी, 2005, का.आ. 253(अ), तारीख 19 फरवरी, 2007, का.आ.1539(अ), तारीख 24 जून, 2008, का.आ.3303(अ), तारीख 29 दिसम्बर, 2009, का.आ. 2866(अ), तारीख 27 दिसम्बर, 2011, का.आ.3822(अ), तारीख 27 दिसम्बर, 2013, का.आ. 3553(अ), तारीख 30 दिसम्बर, 2015, का.आ. 36 (अ), तारीख 4 जनवरी, 2017 और का.आ. 4640(अ)। तारीख 22 दिसम्बर, 2020को पश्चातवर्ती संशोधन किया गया।

MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT, FOREST AND CLIMATE CHANGE
NOTIFICATION

New Delhi, the 23rd December, 2022

S.O. 6035(E).—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections (1) and (3) of section 3 of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 (29 of 1986), the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the Order of the Government of India in the erstwhile Ministry of Environment and Forests, number S.O. 489(E), dated the 30th April, 2003, published in the Gazette of India, extra ordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (ii), namely:—

In the said Order, in paragraph 1, for the words “for a period of nineteen years and eight months”, the words “for a period of twenty one years and eight months” shall be substituted.

[F. No. Z-20018/1/1999-CPA]

NARESH PAL GANGWAR, Additional Secy.

Note: The principal Order was published in the Gazette of India, extra ordinary, Part II, Section 3, sub-section (ii) *vide* number S.O. 489(E), dated the 30th April, 2003 and subsequently amended *vide* numbers S.O.56(E), dated the 14th January, 2005, S.O. 253(E), dated the 19th February, 2007, S.O.1539(E), dated the 24th June, 2008, S.O.3303(E), dated the 29th December, 2009, S.O. 2866(E), dated the 27th December, 2011, S.O. 3822(E), dated the 27th December, 2013, S.O. 3553(E), dated the 30th December, 2015, S.O. 36 (E), dated the 4th January, 2017 and S.O. 4640(E), dated the 22nd December, 2020.

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Annexure-5 (31)

**IN THE SUPREME COURT OF INDIA
CIVIL ORIGINAL JURISDICTION**

INTERLOCUTORY APPLICATION NO. 103908 OF 2019

IN

WRIT PETITION (CIVIL) NO. 13381 OF 1984

M.C. MEHTA

.....PETITIONER

VERSUS

UNION OF INDIA & OTHERS

.....RESPONDENT(S)

WITH

INTERLOCUTORY APPLICATION NOS. 87792 AND 105655 OF 2019

IN

WRIT PETITION (CIVIL) NO. 13381 OF 1984

AND

INTERLOCUTORY APPLICATION NOS. 87790 AND 105652 OF 2019

IN

WRIT PETITION (CIVIL) NO. 13381 OF 1984

ORDER

I.A. NO. 103908 OF 2019 :

This Interlocutory Application has been moved by the State of

Signature Not Verified

Digitally signed by
RAGHU
Date: 2018.02.06
18:06:51 IST
Reason: 

Uttar Pradesh seeking clarification of this Court's order of 22 March 2018

directing Status Quo. We have heard Ms. Aishwarya Bhati, Additional

Advocate General and Mr. M.C. Mehta, the petitioner-in-person. We have also perused our earlier Orders and the affidavit filed by the Commissioner, Agra Division and Chairman, Taj Trapezium Zone Pollution (Prevention and Control) Authority, Agra.

2. On 08 December 2017, this Court identified an urgent public interest in preparing a future-oriented comprehensive Vision Plan to preserve the Taj and its environs, being the Taj Trapezium Zone (for short, "TTZ") which is spread over six districts of Uttar Pradesh and one district (Bharatpur) in Rajasthan. Directions were issued to undertake such exercise with consultation of all stake holders as well as experts in heritage (both cultural and historical), environment, wildlife and pollution-prevention. Consultation with civil society was also mandated, including with Mr. M.C. Mehta who has dedicated numerous decades to protecting the Taj.

3. Thereafter on 22 March 2018, learned counsel for Uttar Pradesh submitted that a vision document was likely to be prepared in consultation with the School of Planning and Architecture and that a Project Committee had been constituted for such purpose. This information was directed to be conveyed to Mr. Mehta along with the terms of reference of the Committee so that he could suggest requisite modifications and solutions.

4. Since learned counsel for Uttar Pradesh informed that a first draft of the vision document would take approximately four months, this Court directed that ***“Until then, there will be a status quo in the Taj Trapezium Zone (TTZ).”***

5. While seeking clarification of the above reproduced status quo order, it has been stated by the State of U.P. that the first draft of the vision document prepared by the School of Planning and Architecture, New Delhi was filed with the Registry on 24 July 2018. Thereafter, the matter was heard on 13 February 2019 when the State Government was allowed to give its suggestions within four weeks, which were so submitted on 03 April 2019. It has been further explained to us how various authorities are facing difficulties in deciding such environmental clearances, causing hardship to both the State Government and the public.

6. Learned Counsel for Uttar Pradesh thus submits that in view of compliance of the `conditional' status quo order, the State Government and other statutory authorities may now be permitted to grant environmental clearances which are necessary for providing essential public facilities including drinking water supply, sewerage treatment plant, drainage system, solid waste disposal, Common Effluent Treatment Plant, Bio Medical Waste Treatment Facility, and Waste to Energy Plants etc.

7. In light of the aforementioned amenities being crucial for

securing basic living conditions of TTZ's residents, we are of the opinion that there need not be any impediment for granting necessary clearances for the same. We are conscious of the fact that citizens have a fundamental right to such essential amenities; and how counter-intuitively, not allowing construction of such basic infrastructure can itself create new polluting waste and threaten the environment.

8. As regards permission for establishing non-polluting industrial units, it appears to us that only those small, micro and macro level industries which are both non-polluting and eco-friendly and which have necessary clearances from all statutory authorities as well as concurrence of the Central Empowerment Committee and NEERI, can be set-up within the notified industrial area.

9. We, thus, clarify that since the interim order dated 22nd March 2018 directing maintenance of status quo was passed to ensure timely submission of the Vision Plan by the State of U.P. and the said direction already stands complied with, there shall be no impediment for the authorities to consider pending environmental clearances which are necessary to secure essential amenities within TTZ. Simultaneously, the State and other statutory authorities are free to consider requests for relocating eco-friendly non-polluting industrial units, subject to them meticulously complying with environmental laws and all norms/conditions

laid down by this Court (including those in the main judgment of 30th December 1996). Concurrence with the Central Empowerment Committee and opinion of NEERI shall also be necessary before according such permission.

10. There shall, however, be an embargo on granting clearances to and/or shifting of any heavy industry until a final decision is taken on the vision document. The interlocutory application is accordingly disposed in above terms.

I.A. NOS. 87790, 87792, 105655 & 105652 OF 2019 :

11. In view of the order passed by us separately in IA No. 103908 of 2019, the instant interlocutory applications are disposed with a direction that let appropriate decisions be taken on the applicant industries' applications strictly as per law and prescribed norms within six weeks.

..... CJJ.
(S. A. BOBDE)

..... J.
(B.R. GAVAI)

..... J.
(SURYA KANT)

NEW DELHI
DATED : 06.12.2019

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(36)

ITEM NO.1501
(For orders)

COURT NO.1

SECTION PIL-W

S U P R E M E C O U R T O F I N D I A
R E C O R D O F P R O C E E D I N G SIA 87790/2019, 87792/2019, 103908/2019, 105652/2019, 105655/2019, in Writ
Petition(s)(Civil) No(s). 13381/1984

M.C. MEHTA

Petitioner(s)

VERSUS

UNION OF INDIA & ORS.

Respondent(s)

([HEARD BY : HON. THE CHIEF JUSTICE, HON. B.R. GAVAI AND HON. SURYA
KANT, JJ.]IA No. 87792/2019 - APPROPRIATE ORDERS/DIRECTIONS
IA No. 103908/2019 - CLARIFICATION/DIRECTION
IA No. 105652/2019 - EXEMPTION FROM FILING O.T.
IA No. 105655/2019 - EXEMPTION FROM FILING O.T.
IA No. 87790/2019 - INTERVENTION/IMPLEADMENT)Date : 06-12-2019 These matters were called on for
pronouncement of judgment today.

Counsel for the parties :

Mr. M.C. Mehta, In Person (NP)

Mr. A.D.N. Rao, Adv.

Ms. Aiswarya Bhati, Sr. Adv.
Mr. Rajeev Kufmar Dubey, Adv.
Mr. Kamendra Mishra, Adv.

Mr. Praveen Swarup, Adv.

Mr. Vijay Panjawani, Adv.

Mr. G.S. Makker, Adv.

Order in the aforementioned applications was
pronounced.I.A. No. 103908/2019I.A. No. 103908/2019 is disposed of in terms
of the signed order.I.A. No. 87790, 87792, 105655 & 105652/2019In view of the order passed in IA No.
103908/2019, the instant applications are disposed of

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with a direction that let appropriate decisions be taken on the applicant industries' applications strictly as per law and prescribed norms within six weeks.

[CHARANJEET KAUR]
A.R.-CUM-P.S.

[INDU KUMARI POKHRIYAL]
ASSTT. REGISTRAR

[Signed order is placed on the file]

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ITEM NO.1

COURT NO.5

SECTION PIL-W

S U P R E M E C O U R T O F I N D I A
R E C O R D O F P R O C E E D I N G S

Writ Petition(Civil) No.13381/1984

M.C. MEHTA

Petitioner(s)

VERSUS

UNION OF INDIA & ORS.

Respondent(s)

((1) IA NO. 42482/2020 (APPLN. FOR MODIFICATION OF ORDER DT. 06.12.2019 ON BEHALF OF STATE OF U.P.)(2) IA NO. 577/2017 AND 20441 AND 20444/2021 (APPLNS. FOR PERMISSION REGARDING CUTTING OF TREES, PERMISSION TO FILE ADDL. AFFIDAVIT AND EXEMPTION FROM FILING O.T. ON BEHALF OF PUBLIC WORKS DEPTT, STATE OF U.P.)(3) IA NOS. 70309 AND 70312/2021 (APPLNS. FOR PERMISSION FOR FELLING OF TREES AND EXEMPTION FROM FILING O.T. ON BEHALF OF STATE OF U.P.)"ONLY" IN W.P. (C) NO. 13381/1984 ARE LISTED."ONLY" NAMES OF THE FOLLOWING ADVOCATES MAY BE TREATED TO HAVE BEEN SHOWN IN THE LIST.PETITIONER-IN-PERSONMR. A.D.N. RAO,MR. AMRISH KUMAR,MR. M.K. MARORIA,MR. G.S. MAKKER, MR. VIJAY PANJWANI, MR. KAMLENDRA MISHRA, MR.ANKUR PRAKASH, MR. L.R. SINGH, ADVOCATES)

Date : 08-12-2021 This petition was called on for hearing today.

CORAM :

HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE L. NAGESWARA RAO
HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE B.R. GAVAI
HON'BLE MRS. JUSTICE B.V. NAGARATHNA

Mr. Annam D. N. Rao, AOR (Amicus Curiae)

For Petitioner(s) Petitioner-in-person

Applicant-in-person, AOR

Mr. Atishi Dipankar, AOR

For Respondent(s)

Mr. Tushar Mehta, Ld. SG
Ms. Aishwarya Bhati, Ld. ASG
Mr. Saurabh Mishra, Adv.
Mr. Aditya Mishra, Adv.
Mr. D.L.Chidananda Adv.
Ms. Suhasini Sen Adv.
Ms. S.S.Rebello, Adv.
Ms. Kanu Aggarwal, Adv.
Ms. Archana Pathak Dave, Adv.
Mr. Gurmeet Singh Makker, AOR

प्ररूप 5

(नियम 16 देखें)

विहित प्राधिकारी द्वारा जारी आदेश के विरुद्ध अपील दायर करने के लिए आवेदन

1. अपील हेतु आवेदन करने वाले व्यक्ति का नाम और पता :
2. आदेश की संख्या, तारीख और आदेश पारित करने वाले प्राधिकारी का पता जिसके विरुद्ध अपील की जा रही है (आदेश की प्रमाणित प्रति संलग्न करें)
3. अपील किए जाने का आधार
4. पैरा 2 में निर्दिष्ट ऐसे आदेश से भिन्न, जिसके विरुद्ध अपील की गई है, संलग्नकों की सूची।

तारीख

हस्ताक्षर

नाम और पता

[फा. सं.3-1/2000-एचएसएमडी]

विश्वनाथ सिन्हा, संयुक्त सचिव

MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT, FOREST AND CLIMATE CHANGE

NOTIFICATION

New Delhi, the 28th March, 2016

G.S.R. 343(E).—Whereas the Bio-Medical Waste (Management and Handling) Rules, 1998 was published *vide* notification number S.O. 630 (E) dated the 20th July, 1998, by the Government of India in the erstwhile Ministry of Environment and Forests, provided a regulatory frame work for management of bio-medical waste generated in the country;

And whereas, to implement these rules more effectively and to improve the collection, segregation, processing, treatment and disposal of these bio-medical wastes in an environmentally sound management thereby, reducing the bio-medical waste generation and its impact on the environment, the Central Government reviewed the existing rules;

And whereas, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 6, 8 and 25 of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 (29 of 1986), the Central Government published the draft rules in the Gazette *vide* number G.S.R. 450 (E), dated the 3rd June, 2015 inviting objections or suggestions from the public within sixty days from the date on which copies of the Gazette containing the said notification were made available to the public;

And whereas, the copies of the Gazette containing the said draft rules were made available to the public on the 3rd June, 2015;

And whereas, the objections or comments received within the specified period from the public in respect of the said draft rules have been duly considered by the Central Government;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 6, 8 and 25 of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 (29 of 1986), and in supersession of the Bio-Medical Waste (Management and Handling) Rules, 1998, except as respects things done or omitted to be done before such suppression, the Central Government hereby makes the following rules, namely:-

1. Short title and commencement.- (1) these rules may be called the Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules, 2016.

(2) They shall come into force on the date of their publication in the Official Gazette.

2. Application.-

(1) These rules shall apply to all persons who generate, collect, receive, store, transport, treat, dispose, or handle bio medical waste in any form including hospitals, nursing homes, clinics, dispensaries, veterinary institutions, animal houses, pathological laboratories, blood banks, ayush hospitals, clinical establishments, research or educational institutions, health camps, medical or surgical camps, vaccination camps, blood donation camps, first aid rooms of schools, forensic laboratories and research labs.

(2). These rules shall not apply to.-

- (a) radioactive wastes as covered under the provisions of the Atomic Energy Act, 1962(33 of 1962) and the rules made there under;
- (b) hazardous chemicals covered under the Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals Rules, 1989 made under the Act;

- (c) solid wastes covered under the Municipal Solid Waste (Management and Handling) Rules, 2000 made under the Act;
- (d) the lead acid batteries covered under the Batteries (Management and Handling) Rules, 2001 made under the Act;
- (e) hazardous wastes covered under the Hazardous Wastes (Management, Handling and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2008 made under the Act;
- (f) waste covered under the e-Waste (Management and Handling) Rules, 2011 made under the Act; and
- (g) hazardous micro organisms, genetically engineered micro organisms and cells covered under the Manufacture, Use, Import, Export and Storage of Hazardous Microorganisms, Genetically Engineered Micro organisms or Cells Rules, 1989 made under the Act.

3. Definitions.- In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires, -

- (a) "Act" means the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 (29 of 1986);
- (b) "animal house" means a place where animals are reared or kept for the purpose of experiments or testing;
- (c) "authorisation" means permission granted by the prescribed authority for the generation, collection, reception, storage, transportation, treatment, processing, disposal or any other form of handling of bio-medical waste in accordance with these rules and guidelines issued by the Central Government or Central Pollution Control Board as the case may be;
- (d) "authorised person" means an occupier or operator authorised by the prescribed authority to generate, collect, receive, store, transport, treat, process, dispose or handle bio-medical waste in accordance with these rules and the guidelines issued by the Central Government or the Central Pollution Control Board, as the case may be;
- (e) "biological" means any preparation made from organisms or micro-organisms or product of metabolism and biochemical reactions intended for use in the diagnosis, immunisation or the treatment of human beings or animals or in research activities pertaining thereto;
- (f) "bio-medical waste" means any waste, which is generated during the diagnosis, treatment or immunisation of human beings or animals or research activities pertaining thereto or in the production or testing of biological or in health camps, including the categories mentioned in Schedule I appended to these rules;
- (g) "bio-medical waste treatment and disposal facility" means any facility wherein treatment, disposal of bio-medical waste or processes incidental to such treatment and disposal is carried out, and includes common bio-medical waste treatment facilities;
- (h) "Form" means the Form appended to these rules;
- (i) "handling" in relation to bio-medical waste includes the generation, sorting, segregation, collection, use, storage, packaging, loading, transportation, unloading, processing, treatment, destruction, conversion, or offering for sale, transfer, disposal of such waste;
- (j) "health care facility" means a place where diagnosis, treatment or immunisation of human beings or animals is provided irrespective of type and size of health treatment system, and research activity pertaining thereto;
- (k) "major accident" means accident occurring while handling of bio-medical waste having potential to affect large masses of public and includes toppling of the truck carrying bio-medical waste, accidental release of bio-medical waste in any water body but exclude accidents like needle prick injuries, mercury spills;
- (l) "management" includes all steps required to ensure that bio- medical waste is managed in such a manner as to protect health and environment against any adverse effects due to handling of such waste;
- (m) "occupier" means a person having administrative control over the institution and the premises generating bio-medical waste, which includes a hospital, nursing home, clinic, dispensary, veterinary institution, animal house, pathological laboratory, blood bank, health care facility and clinical establishment, irrespective of their system of medicine and by whatever name they are called;
- (n) "operator of a common bio-medical waste treatment facility" means a person who owns or controls a Common Bio-medical Waste Treatment Facility (CBMWTF) for the collection, reception, storage, transport, treatment, disposal or any other form of handling of bio-medical waste;
- (o) "prescribed authority" means the State Pollution Control Board in respect of a State and Pollution Control Committees in respect of an Union territory;
- (p) "Schedule" means the Schedule appended to these rules.

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4. **Duties of the Occupier.**- It shall be the duty of every occupier to-
- (a) take all necessary steps to ensure that bio-medical waste is handled without any adverse effect to human health and the environment and in accordance with these rules;
 - (b) make a provision within the premises for a safe, ventilated and secured location for storage of segregated biomedical waste in colored bags or containers in the manner as specified in Schedule I, to ensure that there shall be no secondary handling, pilferage of recyclables or inadvertent scattering or spillage by animals and the bio-medical waste from such place or premises shall be directly transported in the manner as prescribed in these rules to the common bio-medical waste treatment facility or for the appropriate treatment and disposal, as the case may be, in the manner as prescribed in Schedule I;
 - (c) pre-treat the laboratory waste, microbiological waste, blood samples and blood bags through disinfection or sterilisation on-site in the manner as prescribed by the World Health Organisation (WHO) or National AIDS Control Organisation (NACO) guidelines and then sent to the common bio-medical waste treatment facility for final disposal;
 - (d) phase out use of chlorinated plastic bags, gloves and blood bags within two years from the date of notification of these rules;
 - (e) dispose of solid waste other than bio-medical waste in accordance with the provisions of respective waste management rules made under the relevant laws and amended from time to time;
 - (f) not to give treated bio-medical waste with municipal solid waste;
 - (g) provide training to all its health care workers and others, involved in handling of bio medical waste at the time of induction and thereafter at least once every year and the details of training programmes conducted, number of personnel trained and number of personnel not undergone any training shall be provided in the Annual Report;
 - (h) immunise all its health care workers and others, involved in handling of bio-medical waste for protection against diseases including Hepatitis B and Tetanus that are likely to be transmitted by handling of bio-medical waste, in the manner as prescribed in the National Immunisation Policy or the guidelines of the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare issued from time to time;
 - (i) establish a Bar- Code System for bags or containers containing bio-medical waste to be sent out of the premises or place for any purpose within one year from the date of the notification of these rules;
 - (j) ensure segregation of liquid chemical waste at source and ensure pre-treatment or neutralisation prior to mixing with other effluent generated from health care facilities;
 - (k) ensure treatment and disposal of liquid waste in accordance with the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 (6 of 1974);
 - (l) ensure occupational safety of all its health care workers and others involved in handling of bio-medical waste by providing appropriate and adequate personal protective equipments;
 - (m) conduct health check up at the time of induction and at least once in a year for all its health care workers and others involved in handling of bio- medical waste and maintain the records for the same;
 - (n) maintain and update on day to day basis the bio-medical waste management register and display the monthly record on its website according to the bio-medical waste generated in terms of category and colour coding as specified in Schedule I;
 - (o) report major accidents including accidents caused by fire hazards, blasts during handling of bio-medical waste and the remedial action taken and the records relevant thereto, (including nil report) in Form I to the prescribed authority **and also** along with the annual report;
 - (p) make available the annual report on its web-site and all the health care facilities shall make own website within two years from the date of notification of these rules;
 - (q) inform the prescribed authority immediately in case the operator of a facility does not collect the bio-medical waste within the intended time or as per the agreed time;
 - (r) establish a system to review and monitor the activities related to bio-medical waste management, either through an existing committee or by forming a new committee and the Committee shall meet once in every six months and the record of the minutes of the meetings of this committee shall be submitted along with the annual report to the prescribed authority and the healthcare establishments having less than thirty beds shall

designate a qualified person to review and monitor the activities relating to bio-medical waste management within that establishment and submit the annual report;

- (s) maintain all record for operation of incineration, hydro or autoclaving etc., for a period of five years;
- (t) existing incinerators to achieve the standards for treatment and disposal of bio-medical waste as specified in Schedule II for retention time in secondary chamber and Dioxin and Furans within two years from the date of this notification.

5. Duties of the operator of a common bio-medical waste treatment and disposal facility.-It shall be the duty of every operator to -

- (a) take all necessary steps to ensure that the bio-medical waste collected from the occupier is transported, handled, stored, treated and disposed of, without any adverse effect to the human health and the environment, in accordance with these rules and guidelines issued by the Central Government or, as the case may be, the central pollution control board from time to time;
- (b) ensure timely collection of bio-medical waste from the occupier as prescribed under these rules;
- (c) establish bar coding and global positioning system for handling of bio- medical waste within one year;
- (d) inform the prescribed authority immediately regarding the occupiers which are not handing over the segregated bio-medical waste in accordance with these rules;
- (e) provide training for all its workers involved in handling of bio-medical waste at the time of induction and at least once a year thereafter;
- (f) assist the occupier in training conducted by them for bio-medical waste management;
- (g) undertake appropriate medical examination at the time of induction and at least once in a year and immunise all its workers involved in handling of bio-medical waste for protection against diseases, including Hepatitis B and Tetanus, that are likely to be transmitted while handling bio-medical waste and maintain the records for the same;
- (h) ensure occupational safety of all its workers involved in handling of bio-medical waste by providing appropriate and adequate personal protective equipment;
- (i) report major accidents including accidents caused by fire hazards, blasts during handling of bio-medical waste and the remedial action taken and the records relevant thereto. (including nil report) in Form I to the prescribed authority **and also** along with the annual report;
- (j) maintain a log book for each of its treatment equipment according to weight of batch; categories of waste treated; time, date and duration of treatment cycle and total hours of operation;
- (k) allow occupier , who are giving waste for treatment to the operator, to see whether the treatment is carried out as per the rules;
- (l) shall display details of authorisation, treatment, annual report etc on its web-site;
- (m) after ensuring treatment by autoclaving or microwaving followed by mutilation or shredding, whichever is applicable, the recyclables from the treated bio-medical wastes such as plastics and glass, shall be given to recyclers having valid consent or authorisation or registration from the respective State Pollution Control Board or Pollution Control Committee;
- (n) supply non-chlorinated plastic coloured bags to the occupier on chargeable basis, if required;
- (o) common bio-medical waste treatment facility shall ensure collection of biomedical waste on holidays also;
- (p) maintain all record for operation of incineration, hydroor autoclaving for a period of five years; and
- (q) upgrade existing incinerators to achieve the standards for retention time in secondary chamber and Dioxin and Furans within two years from the date of this notification.

6. Duties of authorities.-The Authority specified in column (2) of Schedule-III shall perform the duties as specified in column (3) thereof in accordance with the provisions of these rules.

7. Treatment and disposal.- (1) Bio-medical waste shall be treated and disposed of in accordance with Schedule I, and in compliance with the standards provided in Schedule-II by the health care facilities and common bio-medical waste treatment facility.

(2) Occupier shall hand over segregated waste as per the Schedule-I to common bio-medical waste treatment facility for treatment, processing and final disposal:

Provided that the lab and highly infectious bio-medical waste generated shall be pre-treated by equipment like autoclave or microwave.

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- (3) No occupier shall establish on-site treatment and disposal facility, if a service of common bio-medical waste treatment facility is available at a distance of seventy-five kilometer.
- (4) In cases where service of the common bio-medical waste treatment facility is not available, the Occupiers shall set up requisite biomedical waste treatment equipment like incinerator, autoclave or microwave, shredder prior to commencement of its operation, as per the authorisation given by the prescribed authority.
- (5) Any person including an occupier or operator of a common bio medical waste treatment facility, intending to use new technologies for treatment of bio medical waste other than those listed in Schedule I shall request the Central Government for laying down the standards or operating parameters.
- (6) On receipt of a request referred to in sub-rule (5), the Central Government may determine the standards and operating parameters for new technology which may be published in Gazette by the Central Government.
- (7) Every operator of common bio-medical waste treatment facility shall set up requisite biomedical waste treatment equipments like incinerator, autoclave or microwave, shredder and effluent treatment plant as a part of treatment, prior to commencement of its operation.
- (8) Every occupier shall phase out use of non-chlorinated plastic bags within two years from the date of publication of these rules and after two years from such publication of these rules, the chlorinated plastic bags shall not be used for storing and transporting of bio-medical waste and the occupier or operator of a common bio-medical waste treatment facility shall not dispose of such plastics by incineration and the bags used for storing and transporting biomedical waste shall be in compliance with the Bureau of Indian Standards. Till the Standards are published, the carry bags shall be as per the Plastic Waste Management Rules, 2011.
- (9) After ensuring treatment by autoclaving or microwaving followed by mutilation or shredding, whichever is applicable, the recyclables from the treated bio-medical wastes such as plastics and glass shall be given to such recyclers having valid authorisation or registration from the respective prescribed authority.
- (10) The Occupier or Operator of a common bio-medical waste treatment facility shall maintain a record of recyclable wastes referred to in sub-rule (9) which are auctioned or sold and the same shall be submitted to the prescribed authority as part of its annual report. The record shall be open for inspection by the prescribed authorities.
- (11) The handling and disposal of all the mercury waste and lead waste shall be in accordance with the respective rules and regulations.

8. Segregation, packaging, transportation and storage.-(1) No untreated bio-medical waste shall be mixed with other wastes.

- (2) The bio-medical waste shall be segregated into containers or bags at the point of generation in accordance with Schedule I prior to its storage, transportation, treatment and disposal.
- (3) The containers or bags referred to in sub-rule (2) shall be labeled as specified in Schedule IV.
- (4) Bar code and global positioning system shall be added by the Occupier and common bio-medical waste treatment facility in one year time.
- (5) The operator of common bio-medical waste treatment facility shall transport the bio-medical waste from the premises of an occupier to any off-site bio-medical waste treatment facility only in the vehicles having label as provided in part 'A' of the Schedule IV along with necessary information as specified in part 'B' of the Schedule IV.
- (6) The vehicles used for transportation of bio-medical waste shall comply with the conditions if any stipulated by the State Pollution Control Board or Pollution Control Committee in addition to the requirement contained in the Motor Vehicles Act, 1988 (59 of 1988), if any or the rules made there under for transportation of such infectious waste.
- (7) Untreated human anatomical waste, animal anatomical waste, soiled waste and, biotechnology waste shall not be stored beyond a period of forty –eight hours:

Provided that in case for any reason it becomes necessary to store such waste beyond such a period, the occupier shall take appropriate measures to ensure that the waste does not adversely affect human health and the environment and inform the prescribed authority along with the reasons for doing so.

(8) Microbiology waste and all other clinical laboratory waste shall be pre-treated by sterilisation to Log 6 or disinfection to Log 4, as per the World Health Organisation guidelines before packing and sending to the common bio-medical waste treatment facility.

9. Prescribed authority.-(1) The prescribed authority for implementation of the provisions of these rules shall be the State Pollution Control Boards in respect of States and Pollution Control Committees in respect of Union territories.

(2) The prescribed authority for enforcement of the provisions of these rules in respect of all health care establishments including hospitals, nursing homes, clinics, dispensaries, veterinary institutions, animal houses, pathological laboratories and blood banks of the Armed Forces under the Ministry of Defence shall be the Director General, Armed Forces Medical Services, who shall function under the supervision and control of the Ministry of Defence.

(3) The prescribed authorities shall comply with the responsibilities as stipulated in Schedule III of these rules.

10. Procedure for authorisation.-Every occupier or operator handling bio-medical waste, irrespective of the quantity shall make an application in Form II to the prescribed authority i.e. State Pollution Control Board and Pollution Control Committee, as the case may be, for grant of authorisation and the prescribed authority shall grant the provisional authorisation in Form III and the validity of such authorisation for bedded health care facility and operator of a common facility shall be synchronised with the validity of the consents.

(1) The authorisation shall be one time for non-bedded occupiers and the authorisation in such cases shall be deemed to have been granted, if not objected by the prescribed authority within a period of ninety days from the date of receipt of duly completed application along with such necessary documents.

(2) In case of refusal of renewal, cancellation or suspension of the authorisation by the prescribed authority, the reasons shall be recorded in writing:

Provided that the prescribed authority shall give an opportunity of being heard to the applicant before such refusal of the authorisation.

(3) Every application for authorisation shall be disposed of by the prescribed authority within a period of ninety days from the date of receipt of duly completed application along with such necessary documents, failing which it shall be deemed that the authorisation is granted under these rules.

(4) In case of any change in the bio-medical waste generation, handling, treatment and disposal for which authorisation was earlier granted, the occupier or operator shall intimate to the prescribed authority about the change or variation in the activity and shall submit a fresh application in Form II for modification of the conditions of authorisation.

11. Advisory Committee.-(1) Every State Government or Union territory Administration shall constitute an Advisory Committee for the respective State or Union territory under the chairmanship of the respective health secretary to oversee the implementation of the rules in the respective state and to advise any improvements and the Advisory Committee shall include representatives from the Departments of Health, Environment, Urban Development, Animal Husbandry and Veterinary Sciences of that State Government or Union territory Administration, State Pollution Control Board or Pollution Control Committee, urban local bodies or local bodies or Municipal Corporation, representatives from Indian Medical Association, common bio-medical waste treatment facility and non-governmental organisation.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-rule (1), the Ministry of Defence shall constitute the Advisory Committee (Defence) under the chairmanship of Director General of Health Services of Armed Forces consisting of representatives from the Ministry of Defence, Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Central Pollution Control Board, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Armed Forces Medical College or Command Hospital.

(3) The Advisory Committee constituted under sub-rule (1) and (2) shall meet at least once in six months and review all matters related to implementation of the provisions of these rules in the State and Armed Forces Health Care Facilities, as the case may be.

(4) The Ministry of Health and Defence may co-opt representatives from the other Governmental and non-governmental organisations having expertise in the field of bio-medical waste management.

12. Monitoring of implementation of the rules in health care facilities.- (1) The Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change shall review the implementation of the rules in the country once in a year through the State Health Secretaries and Chairmen or Member Secretary of State Pollution Control Boards and Central Pollution Control Board and the Ministry may also invite experts in the field of bio-medical waste management, if required.

(2) The Central Pollution Control Board shall monitor the implementation of these rules in respect of all the Armed Forces health care establishments under the Ministry of Defence.

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- (3) The Central Pollution Control Board along with one or more representatives of the Advisory Committee constituted under sub-rule (2) of rule 11, may inspect any Armed Forces health care establishments after prior intimation to the Director General Armed Forces Medical Services.
- (4) Every State Government or Union territory Administration shall constitute District Level Monitoring Committee in the districts under the chairmanship of District Collector or District Magistrate or Deputy Commissioner or Additional District Magistrate to monitor the compliance of the provisions of these rules in the health care facilities generating bio-medical waste and in the common bio-medical waste treatment and disposal facilities, where the bio-medical waste is treated and disposed of.
- (5) The District Level Monitoring Committee constituted under sub-rule (4) shall submit its report once in six months to the State Advisory Committee and a copy thereof shall also be forwarded to State Pollution Control Board or Pollution Control Committee concerned for taking further necessary action.
- (6) The District Level Monitoring Committee shall comprise of District Medical Officer or District Health Officer, representatives from State Pollution Control Board or Pollution Control Committee, Public Health Engineering Department, local bodies or municipal corporation, Indian Medical Association, common bio-medical waste treatment facility and registered non-governmental organisations working in the field of bio-medical waste management and the Committee may co-opt other members and experts, if necessary and the District Medical Officer shall be the Member Secretary of this Committee.
13. **Annual report.**-(1) Every occupier or operator of common bio-medical waste treatment facility shall submit an annual report to the prescribed authority in Form-IV, on or before the 30th June of every year.
- (2) The prescribed authority shall compile, review and analyse the information received and send this information to the Central Pollution Control Board on or before the 31st July of every year.
- (3) The Central Pollution Control Board shall compile, review and analyse the information received and send this information, along with its comments or suggestions or observations to the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change on or before 31st August every year.
- (4) The Annual Reports shall also be available online on the websites of Occupiers, State Pollution Control Boards and Central Pollution Control Board.
14. **Maintenance of records.**- (1) Every authorised person shall maintain records related to the generation, collection, reception, storage, transportation, treatment, disposal or any other form of handling of bio-medical waste, for a period of five years, in accordance with these rules and guidelines issued by the Central Government or the Central Pollution Control Board or the prescribed authority as the case may be.
- (2) All records shall be subject to inspection and verification by the prescribed authority or the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change at any time.
15. **Accident reporting.**- (1) In case of any major accident at any institution or facility or any other site while handling bio-medical waste, the authorised person shall intimate immediately to the prescribed authority about such accident and forward a report within twenty-four hours in writing regarding the remedial steps taken in Form I.
- (2) Information regarding all other accidents and remedial steps taken shall be provided in the annual report in accordance with rule 13 by the occupier.
16. **Appeal.**-(1) Any person aggrieved by an order made by the prescribed authority under these rules may, within a period of thirty days from the date on which the order is communicated to him, prefer an appeal in Form V to the Secretary (Environment) of the State Government or Union territory administration .
- (2) Any person aggrieved by an order of the Director General Armed Forces Medical Services under these rules may, within thirty days from the date on which the order is communicated to him, prefer an appeal in Form V to the Secretary, Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change.
- (3) The authority referred to in sub-para (1) and (2) as the case may be, may entertain the appeal after the expiry of the said period of thirty days, if it is satisfied that the appellant was prevented by sufficient cause from filing the appeal in time.
- (4) The appeal shall be disposed of within a period of ninety days from the date of its filing.
17. **Site for common bio-medical waste treatment and disposal facility.**-(1) Without prejudice to rule 5 of these rules, the department in the business allocation of land assignment shall be responsible for providing suitable site for setting up of common biomedical waste treatment and disposal facility in the State Government or Union territory Administration.

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- (2) The selection of site for setting up of such facility shall be made in consultation with the prescribed authority, other stakeholders and in accordance with guidelines published by the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change or Central Pollution Control Board.
18. **Liability of the occupier, operator of a facility.**- (1) The occupier or an operator of a common bio-medical waste treatment facility shall be liable for all the damages caused to the environment or the public due to improper handling of bio- medical wastes.
- (2) The occupier or operator of common bio-medical waste treatment facility shall be liable for action under section 5 and section 15 of the Act, in case of any violation.

SCHEDULE I

[See rules 3 (e), 4(b), 7(1), 7(2), 7(5), 7 (6) and 8(2)]

Part-1

Biomedical wastes categories and their segregation, collection, treatment, processing and disposal options

Category	Type of Waste	Type of Bag or Container to be used	Treatment and Disposal options
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Yellow	(a) Human Anatomical Waste: Human tissues, organs, body parts and fetus below the viability period (as per the Medical Termination of Pregnancy Act 1971, amended from time to time).	Yellow coloured non-chlorinated plastic bags	Incineration or Plasma Pyrolysis or deep burial*
	(b) Animal Anatomical Waste : Experimental animal carcasses, body parts, organs, tissues, including the waste generated from animals used in experiments or testing in veterinary hospitals or colleges or animal houses.		
	(c) Soiled Waste: Items contaminated with blood, body fluids like dressings, plaster casts, cotton swabs and bags containing residual or discarded blood and blood components.		

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	<p>(d) Expired or Discarded Medicines: Pharmaceutical waste like antibiotics, cytotoxic drugs including all items contaminated with cytotoxic drugs along with glass or plastic ampoules, vials etc.</p>	<p>Yellow coloured non-chlorinated plastic bags or containers</p>	<p>Expired cytotoxic drugs and items contaminated with cytotoxic drugs to be returned back to the manufacturer or supplier for incineration at temperature >1200 °C or to common bio-medical waste treatment facility or hazardous waste treatment, storage and disposal facility for incineration at >1200°C Or Encapsulation or Plasma Pyrolysis at >1200°C.</p> <p>All other discarded medicines shall be either sent back to manufacturer or disposed by incineration.</p>
	<p>(e) Chemical Waste: Chemicals used in production of biological and used or discarded disinfectants.</p>	<p>Yellow coloured containers or non-chlorinated plastic bags</p>	<p>Disposed of by incineration or Plasma Pyrolysis or Encapsulation in hazardous waste treatment, storage and disposal facility.</p>
	<p>(f) Chemical Liquid Waste: Liquid waste generated due to use of chemicals in production of biological and used or discarded disinfectants, Silver X-ray film developing liquid, discarded Formalin, infected secretions, aspirated body fluids, liquid from laboratories and floor washings, cleaning, house-keeping and disinfecting activities etc.</p>	<p>Separate collection system leading to effluent treatment system</p>	<p>After resource recovery, the chemical liquid waste shall be pre-treated before mixing with other wastewater. The combined discharge shall conform to the discharge norms given in Schedule- III.</p>
	<p>(g) Discarded linen, mattresses, beddings contaminated with blood or body fluid.</p>	<p>Non-chlorinated yellow plastic bags or suitable packing material</p>	<p>Non-chlorinated chemical disinfection followed by incineration or Plazma Pyrolysis or for energy recovery.</p> <p>In absence of above facilities, shredding or mutilation or combination of sterilization and shredding. Treated waste to be sent for energy recovery or incineration or Plazma Pyrolysis.</p>
	<p>(h) Microbiology, Biotechnology and other clinical laboratory waste: Blood bags, Laboratory cultures, stocks or specimens of micro-organisms, live or attenuated vaccines, human and animal cell cultures used in research, industrial laboratories, production of</p>	<p>Autoclave safe plastic bags or containers</p>	<p>Pre-treat to sterilize with non-chlorinated chemicals on-site as per National AIDS Control Organisation or World Health Organisation guidelines thereafter for Incineration.</p>

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	biological, residual toxins, dishes and devices used for cultures.		
Red	Contaminated Waste (Recyclable) (a) Wastes generated from disposable items such as tubing, bottles, intravenous tubes and sets, catheters, urine bags, syringes (without needles and <i>fixed needle syringes</i>) and vaccutainers with their needles cut) and gloves.	Red coloured non-chlorinated plastic bags or containers	Autoclaving or micro-waving/ hydroclaving followed by shredding or mutilation or combination of sterilization and shredding. Treated waste to be sent to registered or authorized recyclers or for energy recovery or plastics to diesel or fuel oil or for road making, whichever is possible. Plastic waste should not be sent to landfill sites.
White (Translucent)	Waste sharps including Metals: Needles, syringes with fixed needles, needles from needle tip cutter or burner, scalpels, blades, or any other contaminated sharp object that may cause puncture and cuts. This includes both used, discarded and contaminated metal sharps	Puncture proof. Leak proof, tamper proof containers	Autoclaving or Dry Heat Sterilization followed by shredding or mutilation or encapsulation in metal container or cement concrete; combination of shredding cum autoclaving; and sent for final disposal to iron foundries (having consent to operate from the State Pollution Control Boards or Pollution Control Committees) or sanitary landfill or designated concrete waste sharp pit.
Blue	(a) Glassware: Broken or discarded and contaminated glass including medicine vials and ampoules except those contaminated with cytotoxic wastes.	Cardboard boxes with blue colored marking	Disinfection (by soaking the washed glass waste after cleaning with detergent and Sodium Hypochlorite treatment) or through autoclaving or microwaving or hydroclaving and then sent for recycling.
	(b) Metallic Body Implants	Cardboard boxes with blue colored marking	

*Disposal by deep burial is permitted only in rural or remote areas where there is no access to common bio-medical waste treatment facility. This will be carried out with prior approval from the prescribed authority and as per the Standards specified in Schedule-III. The deep burial facility shall be located as per the provisions and guidelines issued by Central Pollution Control Board from time to time.

Part -2

- (1) All plastic bags shall be as per BIS standards as and when published, till then the prevailing Plastic Waste Management Rules shall be applicable.
- (2) Chemical treatment using at least 10% Sodium Hypochlorite having 30% residual chlorine for twenty minutes or any other equivalent chemical reagent that should demonstrate $\text{Log}_{10}4$ reduction efficiency for microorganisms as given in Schedule- III.
- (3) Mutilation or shredding must be to an extent to prevent unauthorized reuse.

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- (4) There will be no chemical pretreatment before incineration, except for microbiological, lab and highly infectious waste.
- (5) Incineration ash (ash from incineration of any bio-medical waste) shall be disposed through hazardous waste treatment, storage and disposal facility, if toxic or hazardous constituents are present beyond the prescribed limits as given in the Hazardous Waste (Management, Handling and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2008 or as revised from time to time.
- (6) Dead Fetus below the viability period (as per the Medical Termination of Pregnancy Act 1971, amended from time to time) can be considered as human anatomical waste. Such waste should be handed over to the operator of common bio-medical waste treatment and disposal facility in yellow bag with a copy of the official Medical Termination of Pregnancy certificate from the Obstetrician or the Medical Superintendent of hospital or healthcare establishment.
- (7) Cytotoxic drug vials shall not be handed over to unauthorised person under any circumstances. These shall be sent back to the manufactures for necessary disposal at a single point. As a second option, these may be sent for incineration at common bio-medical waste treatment and disposal facility or TSDFs or plasma pyrolysis at temperature $>1200^{\circ}\text{C}$.
- (8) Residual or discarded chemical wastes, used or discarded disinfectants and chemical sludge can be disposed at hazardous waste treatment, storage and disposal facility. In such case, the waste should be sent to hazardous waste treatment, storage and disposal facility through operator of common bio-medical waste treatment and disposal facility only.
- (9) On-site pre-treatment of laboratory waste, microbiological waste, blood samples, blood bags should be disinfected or sterilized as per the Guidelines of World Health Organisation or National AIDS Control Organisation and then given to the common bio-medical waste treatment and disposal facility.
- (10) Installation of in-house incinerator is not allowed. However in case there is no common biomedical facility nearby, the same may be installed by the occupier after taking authorisation from the State Pollution Control Board.
- (11) Syringes should be either mutilated or needles should be cut and or stored in tamper proof, leak proof and puncture proof containers for sharps storage. Wherever the occupier is not linked to a disposal facility it shall be the responsibility of the occupier to sterilize and dispose in the manner prescribed.
- (12) Bio-medical waste generated in households during healthcare activities shall be segregated as per these rules and handed over in separate bags or containers to municipal waste collectors. Urban Local Bodies shall have tie up with the common bio-medical waste treatment and disposal facility to pickup this waste from the Material Recovery Facility (MRF) or from the house hold directly, for final disposal in the manner as prescribed in this Schedule.

SCHEDULE II

[See rule 4(t), 7(1) and 7(6)]

STANDARDS FOR TREATMENT AND DISPOSAL OF BIO-MEDICAL WASTES

1. STANDARDS FOR INCINERATION.-

All incinerators shall meet the following operating and emission standards-

A. Operating Standards

- 1). Combustion efficiency (CE) shall be at least 99.00%.
- 2). The Combustion efficiency is computed as follows:

$$\text{C.E.} = \frac{\% \text{CO}_2}{\% \text{CO}_2 + \% \text{CO}} \times 100$$

- 3). The temperature of the primary chamber shall be a minimum of 800°C and the secondary chamber shall be minimum of 1050°C + or - 50°C .

4). The secondary chamber gas residence time shall be at least two seconds.

B. Emission Standards

Sl. No.	Parameter	Standards	
		(3)	(4)
		Limiting concentration in mg Nm³ unless stated	Sampling Duration in minutes, unless stated
1.	Particulate matter	50	30 or 1NM ³ of sample volume, whichever is more
2.	Nitrogen Oxides NO and NO ₂ expressed asNO ₂	400	30 for online sampling or grab sample
3.	HCl	50	30 or 1NM ³ of sample volume, whichever is more
4.	Total Dioxins and Furans	0.1ngTEQ/Nm ³ (at 11% O ₂)	8 hours or 5NM ³ of sample volume, whichever is more
5.	Hg and its compounds	0.05	2 hours or 1NM ³ of sample volume, whichever is more

C. Stack Height: Minimum stack height shall be 30 meters above the ground and shall be attached with the necessary monitoring facilities as per requirement of monitoring of 'general parameters' as notified under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 and in accordance with the Central Pollution Control Board Guidelines of Emission Regulation Part-III.

Note:

- The existing incinerators shall comply with the above within a period of two years from the date of the notification.
- The existing incinerators shall comply with the standards for Dioxins and Furans of 0.1ngTEQ/Nm³, as given below within two years from the date of commencement of these rules.
- All upcoming common bio-medical waste treatment facilities having incineration facility or captive incinerator shall comply with standards for Dioxins and Furans.
- The existing secondary combustion chambers of the incinerator and the pollution control devices shall be suitably retrofitted, if necessary, to achieve the emission limits.
- Wastes to be incinerated shall not be chemically treated with any chlorinated disinfectants.
- Ash from incineration of biomedical waste shall be disposed of at common hazardous waste treatment and disposal facility. However, it may be disposed of in municipal landfill, if the toxic metals in incineration ash are within the regulatory quantities as defined under the Hazardous Waste (Management and Handling and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2008 as amended from time to time.
- Only low Sulphur fuel like Light Diesel Oil or Low Sulphur Heavy Stock or Diesel, Compressed Natural Gas, Liquefied Natural Gas or Liquefied Petroleum Gas shall be used as fuel in the incinerator.
- The occupier or operator of a common bio-medical waste treatment facility shall monitor the stack gaseous emissions (under optimum capacity of the incinerator) once in three months through a laboratory approved under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 and record of such analysis results shall be maintained and submitted to the prescribed authority. In case of dioxins and furans, monitoring should be done once in a year.
- The occupier or operator of the common bio-medical waste treatment facility shall install continuous emission monitoring system for the parameters as stipulated by State Pollution Control Board or Pollution Control Committees in authorisation and transmit the data real time to the servers at State Pollution Control Board or Pollution Control Committees and Central Pollution Control Board.
- All monitored values shall be corrected to 11% Oxygen on dry basis.
- Incinerators (combustion chambers) shall be operated with such temperature, retention time and turbulence, as to achieve Total Organic Carbon content in the slag and bottom ashes less than 3% or their loss on ignition shall be less than 5% of the dry weight.



(l) The occupier or operator of a common bio-medical waste incinerator shall use combustion gas analyzer to measure CO₂, CO and O₂.

2. Operating and Emission Standards for Disposal by Plasma Pyrolysis or Gasification:

A. Operating Standards:

All the operators of the Plasma Pyrolysis or Gasification shall meet the following operating and emission standards:

- 1) Combustion Efficiency (CE) shall be at least 99.99%.
- 2) The Combustion Efficiency is computed as follows.

$$\frac{\% \text{CO}_2}{(\% \text{CO}_2 + \% \text{CO})} \times 100 \quad \text{C.E} =$$

- 3) The temperature of the combustion chamber after plasma gasification shall be 1050 ± 50 ° C with gas residence time of at least 2(two) second, with minimum 3 % Oxygen in the stack gas.
- 4) The Stack height should be minimum of 30 m above ground level and shall be attached with the necessary monitoring facilities as per requirement of monitoring of 'general parameters' as notified under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 and in accordance with the CPCB Guidelines of Emission Regulation Part-III.

B. Air Emission Standards and Air Pollution Control Measures

- (i) Emission standards for incinerator, notified at SI No.1 above in this Schedule, and revised from time to time, shall be applicable for the Plasma Pyrolysis or Gasification also.
- (ii) Suitably designed air pollution control devices shall be installed or retrofitted with the 'Plasma Pyrolysis or Gasification to achieve the above emission limits, if necessary.
- (iii) Wastes to be treated using Plasma Pyrolysis or Gasification shall not be chemically treated with any chlorinated disinfectants and chlorinated plastics shall not be treated in the system.

C. Disposal of Ash Vitrified Material: The ash or vitrified material generated from the 'Plasma Pyrolysis or Gasification shall be disposed off in accordance with the Hazardous Waste (Management, Handling and Transboundary Movement) Rules 2008 and revisions made thereafter in case the constituents exceed the limits prescribed under Schedule II of the said Rules or else in accordance with the provisions of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, whichever is applicable.

3. STANDARDS FOR AUTOCLAVING OF BIO-MEDICAL WASTE.-

The autoclave should be dedicated for the purposes of disinfecting and treating bio-medical waste.

- (1) When operating a gravity flow autoclave, medical waste shall be subjected to:
 - (i) a temperature of not less than 121° C and pressure of 15 pounds per square inch (psi) for an autoclave residence time of not less than 60 minutes; or
 - (ii) a temperature of not less than 135° C and a pressure of 31 psi for an autoclave residence time of not less than 45 minutes; or
 - (iii) a temperature of not less than 149° C and a pressure of 52 psi for an autoclave residence time of not less than 30 minutes.
- (2) When operating a vacuum autoclave, medical waste shall be subjected to a minimum of three pre-vacuum pulse to purge the autoclave of all air. The air removed during the pre-vacuum, cycle should be decontaminated by means of HEPA and activated carbon filtration, steam treatment, or any other method to prevent release of pathogen. The waste shall be subjected to the following:
 - (i) a temperature of not less than 121°C and pressure of 15 psi per an autoclave residence time of not less than 45 minutes; or
 - (ii) a temperature of not less than 135°C and a pressure of 31 psi for an autoclave residence time of not less than 30 minutes;
- (3) Medical waste shall not be considered as properly treated unless the time, temperature and pressure indicators indicate that the required time, temperature and pressure were reached during the autoclave process. If for any reasons, time temperature or pressure indicator indicates that the required temperature, pressure or residence time was not

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reached, the entire load of medical waste must be autoclaved again until the proper temperature, pressure and residence time were achieved.

(4) **Recording of operational parameters:** Each autoclave shall have graphic or computer recording devices which will automatically and continuously monitor and record dates, time of day, load identification number and operating parameters throughout the entire length of the autoclave cycle.

(5) **Validation test for autoclave:** The validation test shall use four biological indicator strips, one shall be used as a control and left at room temperature, and three shall be placed in the approximate center of three containers with the waste. Personal protective equipment (gloves, face mask and coveralls) shall be used when opening containers for the purpose of placing the biological indicators. At least one of the containers with a biological indicator should be placed in the most difficult location for steam to penetrate, generally the bottom center of the waste pile. The occupier or operator shall conduct this test three consecutive times to define the minimum operating conditions. The temperature, pressure and residence time at which all biological indicator vials or strips for three consecutive tests show complete inactivation of the spores shall define the minimum operating conditions for the autoclave. After determining the minimum temperature, pressure and residence time, the occupier or operator of a common biomedical waste treatment facility shall conduct this test once in three months and records in this regard shall be maintained.

(6) **Routine Test:** A chemical indicator strip or tape that changes colour when a certain temperature is reached can be used to verify that a specific temperature has been achieved. It may be necessary to use more than one strip over the waste package at different locations to ensure that the inner content of the package has been adequately autoclaved. The occupier or operator of a common bio medical waste treatment facility shall conduct this test during autoclaving of each batch and records in this regard shall be maintained.

(7) **Spore testing:** The autoclave should completely and consistently kill the approved biological indicator at the maximum design capacity of each autoclave unit. Biological indicator for autoclave shall be *Geobacillusstearothermophilus* spores using vials or spore Strips; with at least 1×10^6 spores. Under no circumstances will an autoclave have minimum operating parameters less than a residence time of 30 minutes, a temperature less than 121°C or a pressure less than 15 psi. The occupier or operator of a common bio medical waste treatment and disposal facility shall conduct this test at least once in every week and records in this regard shall be maintained.

4. STANDARDS OF MICROWAVING.-

(1) Microwave treatment shall not be used for cytotoxic, hazardous or radioactive wastes, contaminated animal carcasses, body parts and large metal items.

(2) The microwave system shall comply with the efficacy test or routine tests and a performance guarantee may be provided by the supplier before operation of the limit.

(3) The microwave should completely and consistently kill the bacteria and other pathogenic organisms that are ensured by approved biological indicator at the maximum design capacity of each microwave unit. Biological indicators for microwave shall be *Bacillus atrophaeus* spores using vials or spore strips with at least 1×10^4 spores per detachable strip. The biological indicator shall be placed with waste and exposed to same conditions as the waste during a normal treatment cycle.

5. **STANDARDS FOR DEEP BURIAL.-** (1) A pit or trench should be dug about two meters deep. It should be half filled with waste, then covered with lime within 50 cm of the surface, before filling the rest of the pit with soil.

(2) It must be ensured that animals do not have any access to burial sites. Covers of galvanised iron or wire meshes may be used.

(3) On each occasion, when wastes are added to the pit, a layer of 10 cm of soil shall be added to cover the wastes.

(4) Burial must be performed under close and dedicated supervision.

(5) The deep burial site should be relatively impermeable and no shallow well should be close to the site.

(6) The pits should be distant from habitation, and located so as to ensure that no contamination occurs to surface water or ground water. The area should not be prone to flooding or erosion.

(7) The location of the deep burial site shall be authorised by the prescribed authority.

(8) The institution shall maintain a record of all pits used for deep burial.

(9) The ground water table level should be a minimum of six meters below the lower level of deep burial pit.

6. STANDARDS FOR EFFICACY OF CHEMICAL DISINFECTION

Microbial inactivation efficacy is equated to "Log₁₀ kill" which is defined as the difference between the logarithms of number of test microorganisms before and after chemical treatment. Chemical disinfection methods shall demonstrate a 4 Log₁₀ reduction or greater for *Bacillus Subtilis* (ATCC 19659) in chemical treatment systems.

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7. STANDARDS FOR DRY HEAT STERILIZATION

Waste sharps can be treated by dry heat sterilization at a temperature not less than 185°C, at least for a residence period of 150 minutes in each cycle, which sterilization period of 90 minutes. There should be automatic recording system to monitor operating parameters.

(i) Validation test for Sharps sterilization unit

Waste sharps sterilization unit should completely and consistently kill the biological indicator *Geobacillus Stearothermophilus* or *Bacillus Atropheauspoers* using vials with at least \log_{10} 6 spores per ml. The test shall be carried out once in three months

(ii) Routine test

A chemical indicator strip or tape that changes colour when a certain temperature is reached can be used to verify that a specific temperature has been achieved. It may be necessary to use more than one strip over the waste to ensure that the inner content of the sharps has been adequately disinfected. This test shall be performed once in week and records in this regard shall be maintained.

8. STANDARDS FOR LIQUID WASTE.-

(1) The effluent generated or treated from the premises of occupier or operator of a common bio medical waste treatment and disposal facility, before discharge into the sewer should conform to the following limits-

PARAMETERS	PERMISSIBLE LIMITS
pH	6.5-9.0
Suspended solids	100 mg/l
Oil and grease	10 mg/l
BOD	30 mg/l
COD	250 mg/l
Bio-assay test	90% survival of fish after 96 hours in 100% effluent.

(2) Sludge from Effluent Treatment Plant shall be given to common bio-medical waste treatment facility for incineration or to hazardous waste treatment, storage and disposal facility for disposal.

Schedule III

[See rule 6 and 9(3)]

List of Prescribed Authorities and the Corresponding Duties

Sl. No. (1)	Authority (2)	Corresponding Duties (3)
1	Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Government of India	(i) Making Policies concerning bio-medical waste Management in the Country including notification of Rules and amendments to the Rules as and when required. (ii) Providing financial assistance for training and awareness programmes on bio-medical waste management related activities to for the State Pollution Control Boards or Pollution Control Committees. (iii) Facilitating financial assistance for setting up or up-gradation of common bio-medical waste treatment facilities. (iv) Undertake or support operational research and assessment with reference to risks to environment and health due to bio-medical waste and previously unknown disposables and wastes from new types of equipment. (v) Constitution of Monitoring Committee for implementation of the rules. (vi) Hearing Appeals and give decision made in Form- V against order passed by the prescribed authorities. (vii) Develop Standard manual for Trainers and Training.

		(viii) Notify the standards or operating parameters for new technologies for treatment of bio medical waste other than those listed in Schedule- I.
2	Central or State Ministry of Health and Family Welfare. Central Ministry for Animal Husbandry and Veterinary or State Department of Animal Husbandry and Veterinary.	<p>(i) Grant of license to health care facilities or nursing homes or veterinary establishments with a condition to obtain authorisation from the prescribed authority for bio-medical waste management.</p> <p>(ii) Monitoring, Refusal or Cancellation of license for health care facilities or nursing homes or veterinary establishments for violations of conditions of authorisation or provisions under these Rules.</p> <p>(iii) Publication of list of registered health care facilities with regard to bio-medical waste generation, treatment and disposal.</p> <p>(iv) Undertake or support operational research and assessment with reference to risks to environment and health due to bio-medical waste and previously unknown disposables and wastes from new types of equipment.</p> <p>(v) Coordinate with State Pollution Control Boards for organizing training programmes to staff of health care facilities and municipal workers on bio-medical waste.</p> <p>(vi) Constitution of Expert Committees at National or State level for overall review and promotion of clean or new technologies for bio-medical waste management.</p> <p>(vii) Organizing or Sponsoring of trainings for the regulatory authorities and health care facilities on bio-medical waste management related activities.</p> <p>(viii) Sponsoring of mass awareness campaigns in electronic media and print media.</p>
3	Ministry of Defence	<p>(i) Grant and renewal of authorisation to Armed Forces health care facilities or common bio-medical waste treatment facilities (Rule 9).</p> <p>(ii) Conduct training courses for authorities dealing with management of bio-medical wastes in Armed Forces health care facilities or treatment facilities in association with State Pollution Control Boards or Pollution Control Committees or Central Pollution Control Board or Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change.</p> <p>(iii) Publication of inventory of occupiers and bio-medical waste generation from Armed Forces health care facilities or occupiers</p> <p>(iv) Constitution of Advisory Committee for implementation of the rules.</p> <p>(v) Review of management of bio-medical waste generation in the Armed Forces health care facilities through its Advisory Committee (Rule 11).</p> <p>(vi) Submission of annual report to Central Pollution Control Board within the stipulated time period (Rule 13).</p>
4.	Central Pollution Control Board	<p>(i) Prepare Guidelines on bio-medical waste Management and submit to the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change.</p> <p>(ii) Co-ordination of activities of State Pollution Control Boards or Pollution Control Committees on bio-medical waste.</p>

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		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (iii) Conduct training courses for authorities dealing with management of bio-medical waste. (iv) Lay down standards for new technologies for treatment and disposal of bio-medical waste (Rule 7) and prescribe specifications for treatment and disposal of bio-medical wastes (Rule 7). (v) Lay down Criteria for establishing common bio-medical waste treatment facilities in the Country. (vi) Random inspection or monitoring of health care facilities and common bio-medical waste treatment facilities. (vii) Review and analysis of data submitted by the State Pollution Control Boards on bio-medical waste and submission of compiled information in the form of annual report along with its observations to Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change . (viii) Inspection and monitoring of health care facilities operated by the Director General, Armed Forces Medical Services (Rule 9). (ix) Undertake or support research or operational research regarding bio-medical waste.
5.	State Government of Health or Union Territory Government or Administration	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) To ensure implementation of the rule in all health care facilities or occupiers. (ii) Allocation of adequate funds to Government health care facilities for bio-medical waste management. (iii) Procurement and allocation of treatment equipments and make provision for consumables for bio-medical waste management in Government health care facilities. (iv) Constitute State or District Level Advisory Committees under the District Magistrate or Additional District Magistrate to oversee the bio-medical waste management in the Districts. (v) Advise State Pollution Control Boards or Pollution Control Committees on implementation of these Rules. (vi) Implementation of recommendations of the Advisory Committee in all the health care facilities.
6.	State Pollution Control Boards or Pollution Control Committees	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) Inventorisation of Occupiers and data on bio-medical waste generation, treatment & disposal. (ii) Compilation of data and submission of the same in annual report to Central Pollution Control Board within the stipulated time period. (iii) Grant and renewal, suspension or refusal cancellation or of authorisation under these rules (Rule 7, 8 and 10). (iv) Monitoring of compliance of various provisions and conditions of authorisation. (v) Action against health care facilities or common bio-medical waste treatment facilities for violation of these rules (Rule 18). (vi) Organizing training programmes to staff of health care facilities and common bio-medical waste treatment facilities and State Pollution Control Boards or Pollution Control Committees Staff on segregation, collection, storage, transportation, treatment and disposal of bio-medical wastes.

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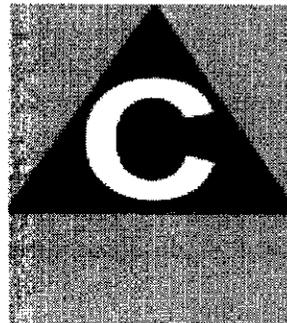
		<p>(vii) Undertake or support research or operational research regarding bio-medical waste management.</p> <p>(viii) Any other function under these rules assigned by Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change or Central Pollution Control Board from time to time.</p> <p>(ix) Implementation of recommendations of the Advisory Committee.</p> <p>(x) Publish the list of Registered or Authorised (or give consent) Recyclers.</p> <p>(xi) Undertake and support third party audits of the common bio-medical waste treatment facilities in their State.</p>
7	Municipalities or Corporations, Urban Local Bodies and Gram Panchayats	<p>(i) Provide or allocate suitable land for development of common bio-medical waste treatment facilities in their respective jurisdictions as per the guidelines of Central Pollution Control Board.</p> <p>(ii) Collect other solid waste (other than the bio-medical waste) from the health care facilities as per the Municipal Solid Waste (Management and handling) Rules, 2000 or as amended time to time.</p> <p>(iii) Any other function stipulated under these Rules.</p>

SCHEDULE IV

[See rule 8(3) and (5)]

Part A**LABEL FOR BIO-MEDICAL WASTE CONTAINERS or BAGS**

HANDLE WITH CARE

CYTOTOXIC HAZARD SYMBOL

HANDLE WITH CARE

Part B**LABEL FOR TRANSPORTING BIO-MEDICAL WASTE BAGS OR CONTAINERS**

DayMonth

Year

Date of generation

Waste category Number

Waste quantity.....

Sender's Name and Address

Phone Number

Receiver's Name and Address:

Phone Number

Fax Number.....

Fax Number

Contact Person

Contact Person

In case of emergency please contact :

Name and Address :

Phone No.

Note :Label shall be non-washable and prominently visible.

FORM - I

[(See rule 4(o), 5(i) and 15 (2))]

ACCIDENT REPORTING

1. Date and time of accident :
2. Type of Accident :
3. Sequence of events leading to accident :
4. Has the Authority been informed immediately :
5. The type of waste involved in accident :
6. Assessment of the effects of the accidents on human health and the environment:
7. Emergency measures taken :
8. Steps taken to alleviate the effects of accidents :
9. Steps taken to prevent the recurrence of such an accident :
10. Does your facility has an Emergency Control policy? If yes give details:

Date :

Signature

Place:

Designation

FORM - II

(See rule10)

APPLICATION FOR AUTHORISATION OR RENEWAL OF AUTHORISATION

(To be submitted by occupier of health care facility or common bio-medical waste treatment facility)

To

The Prescribed Authority
(Name of the State or UT Administration)
Address.

1. Particulars of Applicant:

(i) Name of the Applicant:
(In block letters & in full)

(ii) Name of the health care facility (HCF) or common bio-medical waste treatment facility (CBWTF) :

(iii) Address for correspondence:

(iv) Tele No., Fax No.:

(v) Email:

(vi) Website Address:

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2. Activity for which authorisation is sought:

Activity	Please tick
Generation, segregation	
Collection.	
Storage	
packaging	
Reception	
Transportation	
Treatment or processing or conversion	
Recycling	
Disposal or destruction	
use	
offering for sale, transfer	
Any other form of handling	

3. Application for fresh or renewal of authorisation (please tick whatever is applicable):

(i) Applied for CTO/CTE Yes/No

(ii) In case of renewal previous authorisation number and date:

(iii) Status of Consents:

(a) under the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974

(b) under the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981:

4. (i) Address of the health care facility (HCF) or common bio-medical waste treatment facility (CBWTF):

(ii) GPS coordinates of health care facility (HCF) or common bio-medical waste treatment facility (CBWTF):

5. Details of health care facility (HCF) or common bio-medical waste treatment facility (CBWTF):

(i) Number of beds of HCF:

(ii) Number of patients treated per month by HCF:

(iii) Number healthcare facilities covered by CBMWTF: _____

(iv) No of beds covered by CBMWTF: _____

(v) Installed treatment and disposal capacity of CBMWTF: _____ Kg per day

(vi) Quantity of biomedical waste treated or disposed by CBMWTF: _____ Kg/ day

(vii) Area or distance covered by CBMWTF: _____

(pl. attach map a map with GPS locations of CBMWTF and area of coverage)

(viii) Quantity of Biomedical waste handled, treated or disposed:

Category	Type of Waste	Quantity Generated or Collected, kg/day	Method of Treatment and Disposal (Refer Schedule-1)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Yellow	(a) Human Anatomical Waste:		
	(b) Animal Anatomical Waste :		
	(c) Soiled Waste:		
	(d) Expired or Discarded Medicines:		
	(e) Chemical Solid Waste:		
	(f) Chemical Liquid Waste :		

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	(g) Discarded linen, mattresses, beddings contaminated with blood or body fluid.		
	(h) Microbiology, Biotechnology and other clinical laboratory waste:		
Red	Contaminated Waste (Recyclable)		
White (Translucent)	Waste sharps including Metals:		
Blue	Glassware:		
	Metallic Body Implants		

6. Brief description of arrangements for handling of biomedical waste (attach details):

- (i) Mode of transportation (if any) of bio-medical waste:
(ii) Details of treatment equipment (please give details such as the number, type & capacity of each unit)

No of units Capacity of each unit

Incinerators :
Plasma Pyrolysis:
Autoclaves:
Microwave:
Hydroclave:
Shredder:
Needle tip cutter or destroyer
Sharps encapsulation or
concrete pit:
Deep burial pits:
Chemical disinfection:
Any other treatment
equipment:

7. Contingency plan of common bio-medical waste treatment facility (CBWTF)(attach documents):

8. Details of directions or notices or legal actions if any during the period of earlier authorisation

9. Declaration

I do hereby declare that the statements made and information given above are true to the best of my knowledge and belief and that I have not concealed any information.

I do also hereby undertake to provide any further information sought by the prescribed authority in relation to these rules and to fulfill any conditions stipulated by the prescribed authority.

Date :

Signature of the Applicant

Place :

Designation of the Applicant

FORM -III

(See rule 10)

AUTHORISATION

(Authorisation for operating a facility for generation, collection, reception, treatment, storage, transport and disposal of biomedical wastes)

1. File number of authorisation and date of issue.....

2. M/s _____ an occupier or operator of the facility located at _____ is hereby granted an authorisation for:

Activity
Generation, segregation
Collection,
Storage
packaging

Please tick

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Reception
 Transportation
 Treatment or processing or conversion
 Recycling
 Disposal or destruction
 use
 offering for sale, transfer
 Any other form of handling

3. M/s _____ is hereby authorized for handling of biomedical waste as per the capacity given below:

- (i) Number of beds of HCF: _____
 (ii) Number healthcare facilities covered by CBMWTF: _____
 (iii) Installed treatment and disposal capacity: _____ Kg per day
 (iv) Area or distance covered by CBMWTF: _____

 (v) Quantity of Biomedical waste handled, treated or disposed:

Type of Waste Category	Quantity permitted for Handling
Yellow	
Red	
White (Translucent)	
Blue	

4. This authorisation shall be in force for a period of Years from the date of issue.

5. This authorisation is subject to the conditions stated below and to such other conditions as may be specified in the rules for the time being in force under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.

Date

Signature.....

Place:

Designation

*Terms and conditions of authorisation **

- The authorisation shall comply with the provisions of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 and the rules made there under.
- The authorisation or its renewal shall be produced for inspection at the request of an officer authorised by the prescribed authority.
- The person authorized shall not rent, lend, sell, transfer or otherwise transport the biomedical wastes without obtaining prior permission of the prescribed authority.
- Any unauthorised change in personnel, equipment or working conditions as mentioned in the application by the person authorised shall constitute a breach of his authorisation.
- It is the duty of the authorised person to take prior permission of the prescribed authority to close down the facility and such other terms and conditions may be stipulated by the prescribed authority.

Form - IV

(See rule 13)

ANNUAL REPORT

[To be submitted to the prescribed authority on or before 30th June every year for the period from January to December of the preceding year, by the occupier of health care facility (HCF) or common bio-medical waste treatment facility (CBWTF)]

Sl. No.	Particulars		
1.	Particulars of the Occupier	:	
	(i) Name of the authorised person (occupier or operator of facility)	:	
	(ii) Name of HCF or CBMWTF	:	
	(iii) Address for Correspondence	:	
	(iv) Address of Facility	:	
	(v) Tel. No. Fax. No	:	
	(vi) E-mail ID	:	
	(vii) URL of Website	:	
	(viii) GPS coordinates of HCF or CBMWTF	:	
	(ix) Ownership of HCF or CBMWTF	:	(State Government or Private or Semi Govt. or any other)
	(x). Status of Authorisation under the Bio-Medical Waste (Management and Handling) Rules	:	Authorisation No.:valid up to
	(xi). Status of Consents under Water Act and Air Act	:	Valid up to:
2.	Type of Health Care Facility	:	
	(i) Bedded Hospital	:	No. of Beds:.....
	(ii) Non-bedded hospital (Clinic or Blood Bank or Clinical Laboratory or Research Institute or Veterinary Hospital or any other)	:	
	(iii) License number and its date of expiry	:	
3.	Details of CBMWTF	:	
	(i) Number healthcare facilities covered by CBMWTF	:	
	(ii) No of beds covered by CBMWTF	:	
	(iii) Installed treatment and disposal capacity of CBMWTF:	:	_____ Kg per day
	(iv) Quantity of biomedical waste treated or disposed by CBMWTF	:	_____ Kg/day
4.	Quantity of waste generated or disposed in Kg per annum (on monthly average basis)	:	Yellow Category : Red Category : White: Blue Category : General Solid waste:
5	Details of the Storage, treatment, transportation, processing and Disposal Facility		
	(i) Details of the on-site storage facility	:	Size : Capacity : Provision of on-site storage : (cold storage or any other provision)

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disposal facilities		Type of treatment equipment	No of units	Capacity Kg/day	Quantity treated or disposed in kg per annum
(iii) Quantity of recyclable wastes sold to authorized recyclers after treatment in kg per annum.	:	Red Category (like plastic, glass etc.)			
(iv) No of vehicles used for collection and transportation of biomedical waste	:				
(v) Details of incineration ash and ETP sludge generated and disposed during the treatment of wastes in Kg per annum			Quantity generated	Where disposed	
(vi) Name of the Common Bio-Medical Waste Treatment Facility Operator through which wastes are disposed of	:	Incineration Ash ETP Sludge			
(vii) List of member HCF not handed over bio-medical waste.					
6 Do you have bio-medical waste management committee? If yes, attach minutes of the meetings held during the reporting period					
7 Details trainings conducted on BMW					
(i) Number of trainings conducted on BMW Management.					
(ii) number of personnel trained					
(iii) number of personnel trained at the time of induction					
(iv) number of personnel not undergone any training so far					
(v) whether standard manual for training is available?					
(vi) any other information)					
8 Details of the accident occurred during the year					

	(i) Number of Accidents occurred		
	(ii) Number of the persons affected		
	(iii) Remedial Action taken (Please attach details if any)		
	(iv) Any Fatality occurred, details.		
9.	Are you meeting the standards of air Pollution from the incinerator? How many times in last year could not met the standards?		
	Details of Continuous online emission monitoring systems installed		
10	Liquid waste generated and treatment methods in place. How many times you have not met the standards in a year?		
11	Is the disinfection method or sterilization meeting the log 4 standards? How many times you have not met the standards in a year?		
12	Any other relevant information	:	(Air Pollution Control Devices attached with the Incinerator)

Certified that the above report is for the period from

.....

Name and Signature of the Head of the Institution

Date:

Place

FORM -V

(See rule 16)

Application for filing appeal against order passed by the prescribed authority

1. Name and address of the person applying for appeal :
2. Number, date of order and address of the authority which passed the order, against which appeal is being made (certified copy of order to be attached):
3. Ground on which the appeal is being made:
4. List of enclosures other than the order referred in para 2 against which appeal is being filed:

Signature

Date :

Name and Address.....

[F. No. 3-1/2000-HSMD]

BISHWANATH SINHA, Jt. Secy.

(घ) माझा जैव-चिकित्सा मुविधाओं द्वारा सूचिन की गई दुर्घटनाओं की संख्या"

[फा. सं. 3-1/2000-एचएसएमडी]

रीतेश कुमार मिह, मंयुक्त सचिव

टिप्पण : मूल नियम भारत के राजपत्र, असाधारण, भाग II, खंड 3, उप-खंड (i) में दिनांक 28 मार्च, 2016 की अधिसूचना सं. सा.का.नि. 343 (अ) के अधीन प्रकाशित किए गए थे।

MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT, FOREST AND CLIMATE CHANGE

NOTIFICATION

New Delhi, the 16th March, 2018

G.S.R. 234 (E).— In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) and clause (v) of sub-section (2) of section 3 of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 (29 of 1986) read with sub-rule (4) of rule 5 of the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, the Central Government hereby makes the following rules to amend the Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules, 2016, published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, vide G.S.R. 343(E), dated the 28th March, 2016, after having dispensed with the requirement of notice under clause (a) of sub-rule (3) of rule 5 of the said rules in public interest, namely:—

1. (1) These rules may be called the Bio-Medical Waste Management (Amendment) Rules, 2018.
- (2) They shall come into force on the date of their publication in the Official Gazette.
2. In the Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules, 2016 (hereinafter referred to as the principal rules), in rule 2, in sub-rule (2),—
 - (i) in clause (c), for the words, brackets and figures "Municipal Solid Waste (Management and Handling) Rules, 2000", the words and figures "Solid Waste Management Rules, 2016" shall be substituted;
 - (ii) in clause (e), for the words, brackets and figures "Hazardous Wastes (Management, Handling and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2008", the words, brackets and figures "Hazardous and Other Wastes (Management and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2016", shall be substituted; and
 - (iii) in clause (f), for the words, brackets and figures "E-Waste (Management and Handling) Rules, 2011", the words, brackets and figures "E-Waste (Management) Rules, 2016", shall be substituted.
3. In the principal rules, in rule 4,—
 - (i) in clause (c), for the portion beginning with "or National and ending with final disposal", the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"(c), guidelines on Safe management of wastes from health care activities and WHO Blue Book, 2014 and then sent to the Common bio-medical waste treatment facility for final disposal:".
 - (ii) for clause (d), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

"(d) phase out use of chlorinated plastic bags (excluding blood bags) and gloves by the 27th March, 2019:".
 - (iii) in clause (j), for the words "place for any purpose within one year from the date of the notification of these rules", the words and figures "for the further treatment and disposal in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Central Pollution Control Board by 27th March, 2019" shall be substituted;
 - (iv) for clause (p), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

"(p) all the health care facilities (any number of beds) shall make available the annual report on its web-site within a period of two years from the date of publication of Bio-Medical Waste Management (Amendment) Rules, 2018;".
4. In the principal rules, in rule (5), in clause (c), for the words "within one year", the words, letters and figures "in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Central Pollution Control Board by 27th March, 2019" shall be substituted.
5. In the principal rules, in rule 7, in clause (S),—

- (a) for the words "phase out use of non-chlorinated plastic bags", the words "phase out use of chlorinated plastic bags" shall be substituted;
- (b) for the words and figures "the Plastic Waste Management Rules, 2011", the words and figures "the Plastic Waste Management Rules, 2016" shall be substituted.
6. In the principal rules, in rule 13, in sub-rule (2), for the words "Central Pollution Control Board on or before", the words, figures, brackets and letter "Central Pollution Control Board in Form IVA before" shall be substituted.
7. In the Schedule I to the principal rules,-
- (a) in the Table under part 1-
- (i) against the category yellow,-
- (A) in item (g) under column (2), after the words "body fluid", the words ", routine mask and gown" shall be inserted;
- (B) against item (h), for the entry under column (3), the following entry shall be substituted, namely:-
"Autoclave or Microwave or Hydroclave safe plastic bags or containers";
- (C) against item (h), in the entry under column (4), for the portion beginning with "as per National AIDS Control Organisation", and ending with "for incineration", the following shall be substituted, namely:-
"as per World Health Organisation guidelines on Safe management of wastes from health care activities and WHO Blue Book, 2014 and thereafter sent for incineration";
- (ii) against the category blue -
- (A) against item (a), for the entry under column (3), the following item shall be substituted, namely:-
"(a) Puncture proof and leak proof boxes or containers with blue colored marking";
- (B) against item (b) for the entry under column (3), the following item shall be substituted, namely:-
"(b) Puncture proof and leak proof boxes or containers with blue colored marking";
- (iii) in the Note, for the word and figures "Schedule - III", the word and figures "Schedule - II" shall be substituted;
- (b) in Part - 2, in item (2), for the figures "10 %", the figures "1% to 2%" shall be substituted.
8. In Schedule II to the principal rules.-
- (i) in serial number 1, in the Table under Part B relating to "Emission Standards", in column heading under (3), for the letters and figure "mgNm³" the letters and figure "mg/Nm³" shall be substituted;
- (ii) in serial number 8, in item (1), the following Note shall be inserted, namely:-
"Note-
1. Above limits are applicable to the occupiers of Health Care Facilities (bedded) which are either connected with sewerage network without terminal sewage treatment plant or not connected to public sewers.
 2. For discharge into public sewers with terminal facilities, the general standards as notified under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 (29 of 1986) shall be applicable.
 3. Health Care Facilities having less than ten beds shall have to install Sewage Treatment Plant by the 31st December, 2019.
 4. Non-bedded occupiers shall dispose infectious liquid wastes only after treatment by disinfection as per Schedule - II (6) of the principal rules."
9. In Schedule - III to the principal rules.-
- (i) against serial number 3, in item (i) under column (3), for the brackets, word and figure "(Rule 9)", the brackets, word and figure "(Rule 10)" shall be substituted;
- (ii) against serial number 4, in item (viii) under column (3), for the brackets, word and figure "(Rule 9)", the brackets, word and figure "(Rule 12)" shall be substituted.

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10. In the principal rules, after Form IV, the following Form shall be inserted, namely:—

“Form IVA

[See rule 13(2)]

Format for Submission of the Annual Report Information on Bio-medical Waste Management (to be submitted by the State Pollution Control Boards or Pollution Control Committees and Director General Armed Forces Medical Services to Central Pollution Control Board on or before 31st July of every year for the period from January to December of the preceding calendar year)

Part-1 (Summary of Information)

- | | | | |
|--------|--|---|----------------------|
| (1) | Name of the Organisation | : | |
| (2) | Name of the Nodal Officer with contact telephone number and e-mail | : | |
| (3) | Total no. of Health Care Facilities / Occupiers | : | |
| (i) | Bedded Hospitals and Nursing Homes (bedded) | : | |
| (ii) | Clinics, dispensaries | : | |
| (iii) | Veterinary institutions | : | |
| (iv) | Animal houses | : | |
| (v) | Pathological laboratories | : | |
| (vi) | Blood banks | : | |
| (vii) | Clinical establishment | : | |
| (viii) | Research Institutions | : | |
| (ix) | AYUSH | : | |
| (4) | Total no. of beds | : | |
| (5) | Status of authorisation | : | |
| (i) | Total number of Occupiers applied for authorisation | : | |
| (ii) | Total number of Occupiers granted authorisation | : | |
| (iii) | Total number of application under consideration | : | |
| (iv) | Total number of applications rejected | : | |
| (v) | Total number of Occupiers in operation without applying for authorisation | : | |
| (6) | Quantity of Bio-medical Waste Generation (in kg/day) | : | |
| | (please enclose District Wise Bio-medical Waste Generation as per Part-2) | | |
| (i) | Bio-medical waste generation by bedded hospitals(in kg/day) | : | |
| (ii) | Bio-medical waste generation by non-bedded hospitals (in kg/day) | : | |
| (iii) | Any other | : | |
| | | | Total : _____ Kg/day |
| (7) | Bio-medical waste treatment and disposal | | |
| (a) | By Captive bio-medical waste treatment and disposal by Health Care Facilities (please enclose details as per Part-3) | | |
| (i) | Number of Health Care Facilities having captive treatment and Disposal facilities : | | |
| (ii) | Total bio-medical waste treated and disposed by captive treatment facilities in kg/day : | | |
| (b) | Bio-medical waste treatment and disposal by Common Bio Medical Waste Treatment Facilities (please enclose details as per Part 4) | | |
| (i) | Number of Common Bio Medical Waste Treatment Facilities in Operation : | | |
| (ii) | Number of Common Bio Medical Waste Treatment Facilities under construction : | | |

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Medical Waste Treatment Facilities with contact person name and telephone number			by Common Bio-Medical Waste Treatment Facilities	being covered		collected from member Health Care Facilities (in Kg/day)	Equipment	Numbers	Total installed capacity (kg/day)	kg/day	ties)
							Incinerator				Incineration Ash:
							Plasma Pyrolysis				Quantity Disposed by:
							Autoclave Hydroclave				Sharps:
							Microwave				Quantity Disposed by:
							Shredder				Plastics:
							Sharps encapsulation or concrete pit				Quantity Disposed by:
							Deep burial pits				
							Any other equipment				
							Effluent Treatment Plant				ETP Sludge:
							Sub-total				Quantity Disposed by:

- (a) Total Number of transportation vehicles used for collection of Bio-medical Waste on daily basis by the Common Bio-Medical Waste Treatment Facilities;
- (b) List of Health Care Facilities not having membership with the Common Bio-Medical Waste Treatment Facilities and neither having captive treatment facilities;
- (c) Number of trainings organised by the Common Bio-Medical Waste Treatment Facility operators;
- (d) Number of Accidents **reported by the Common Bio Medical Waste Treatment Facilities**:".

[F. No. 3-1/2000-HSMD]
RITESH KUMAR SINGH, Jt. Secy.

Note: The principal rules were published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, PART II—Section 3—Sub-section (i), vide G.S.R. 343(E), dated the 28th March, 2016.

"(त), सभी विस्तरयुक्त स्वास्थ्य केन्द्रों के मामले में, (चाहे विस्तरों की संख्या कितनी भी हो), जैव-चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट प्रबंधन (संशोधन) नियम, 2018 के प्रकाशन की तिथि से दो वर्षों की अवधि के अंदर अपनी वेबसाइट पर वार्षिक रिपोर्ट उपलब्ध कराएं;"।

3. उक्त नियमों की अनुसूची-II में, क्रम सं. 8 के सामने, मद सं. (1) में, टिप्पण में, खंड-3 के लिए, निम्नलिखित खंड प्रतिस्थापित किया जाएगा, अर्थात्:-

"3. दस विस्तरों से कम वाले स्वास्थ्य केन्द्रों को 31 दिसम्बर, 2019 की तारीख तक द्रव अपशिष्ट पदार्थ के लिए आउटपुट स्त्राव मानक का अनुपालन करना होगा।

4. उक्त नियमों की अनुसूची-III में,-

(i) क्र. सं. 3 के सामने, स्तंभ (3) में, मद सं. (vi) के पश्चात्, निम्नलिखित मद अंतर्लिखित की जाएगी, अर्थात्:-

"(vii) महानिदेशक, सशस्त्र बल चिकित्सा सेवा द्वारा प्रचालित चिकित्सा निरीक्षण (एमआई) कक्ष, जहाजों पर रोगी कक्ष या पनडुब्बी, स्टेशन चिकित्सा केन्द्र तथा अग्रिम स्थानों में स्थित क्षेत्र अस्पताल का निरीक्षण और निगरानी।"

(ii) क्र.सं. 4 के सामने, स्तंभ (3) में, मद सं. (viii) के लिए, निम्नलिखित मद अंतर्विष्ट की जाएगी, अर्थात्:-

"(vii) महानिदेशक, सशस्त्र बल चिकित्सा सेवा द्वारा प्रचालित चिकित्सा निरीक्षण (एमआई) कक्षों, जहाजों पर रोगी कक्ष या पनडुब्बी, स्टेशन चिकित्सा केन्द्रों तथा अग्रिम स्थानों में स्थित क्षेत्र अस्पतालों को छोड़कर अन्य स्वास्थ्य केन्द्रों का निरीक्षण और निगरानी (नियम-9)।"

[फा.सं.3-1/2000-एचएसएमडी]

रितेश कुमार सिंह, संयुक्त सचिव

टिप्पण : मूल नियम भारत के राजपत्र, असाधारण, भाग-II, खंड 3, उप-खंड (i) में अधिसूचना सं. मा.का.नि. 343 (अ) तारीख 28 मार्च, 2016 द्वारा प्रकाशित किए गए थे और पश्चात्पूर्वी अधिसूचना सं. मा.का.नि. 234 (अ) तारीख 16 मार्च, 2018 द्वारा संशोधित किए गए थे।

MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT, FOREST AND CLIMATE CHANGE

NOTIFICATION

New Delhi, the 19th February, 2019

G.S.R. 129(E).—In exercise of the powers conferred by Sections 6.8 and 25 of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 (29 of 1986) read with sub-rule (4) of rule 5 of the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, the Central Government, after having dispensed with the requirement of notice under clause(a) of sub-rule (3) of rule 5 of the said rule in public interest, hereby makes the following rules further to amend the Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules, 2016, namely:-

1. (1) These rules may be called the Bio-Medical Waste Management (Amendment) Rules, 2019.
- (2) They shall come into force on the date of their publication in the Official Gazette.

2. In the Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules, 2016 (herein after referred to as the said rules), in rule 4.-

(i) For clause (n), the following clause, shall be substituted, namely:-

“(n) .in case of all bedded health care units, maintain and update on day to day basis the bio-medical waste management register and display the monthly record on its website according to the bio-medical waste generated in terms of category and colour coding as specified in Schedule I.”;

(ii) For clause (p), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:-

“(p) .in case of all bedded health care facilities (any number of beds), make available the annual report on its web-site within a period of two years from the date of publication of the Bio-Medical Waste Management (Amendment) Rules, 2018.”.

3. In Schedule II to the said rules, against serial number 8, in item (1), in the Note, for clause 3, the following clause shall be substituted, namely: -

“3. *Health Care Facilities having less than ten beds shall have to comply with the output discharge standard for liquid waste by 31st December, 2019.*”

4. In Schedule III to the said rules, -

(i) Against serial number 3, in column (3), after item (vi), the following item shall be inserted, namely: -

“(vii) Inspection and monitoring of Medical Inspection (MI) rooms, sick bays onboard ships or submarines, station medical centres and field hospitals in forward locations operated by the Director General, Armed Force Medical Services.”;

(ii) Against serial number 4, in column (3), for item (viii), the following item shall be is substituted, namely: -

“(viii) Inspection and monitoring of health care facilities other than Medical Inspection (MI) rooms, sick bays on board ships or submarines, station medical centres and field hospitals in forward locations operated by the Director General, Armed Forces Medical Services (Rule-9).”.

[F. No. 3-1/2000-HSMD]
RITESH KUMAR SINGH, Jt. Secy.

Note : The Principal rules were published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), vide number G.S.R. 343(E), dated the 28th March, 2016 and subsequently amended vide number G.S.R. 234(E), dated the 16th March, 2018.

टिप्पण : मूल नियम भारत के राजपत्र, असाधारण, भाग-II, खंड 3, उप-खंड (i) में अधिसूचना सं. मा.का.नि. 343 (अ) तारीख, 28 मार्च, 2016 द्वारा प्रकाशित किए गए थे और तत्पश्चात इनमें अधिसूचना सं. मा.का.नि. 234 (अ) तारीख 16 मार्च, 2018 और सं. मा.का.नि. 129 (अ) 19 फरवरी, 2019 द्वारा संशोधन किए गए थे।

MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT, FOREST AND CLIMATE CHANGE
NOTIFICATION

New Delhi, the 10th May, 2019

G.S.R. 360(E).—In exercise of the powers conferred by Sections 6, 8 and 25 of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 (29 of 1986) read with sub-rule (4) of rule 5 of the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, the Central Government, after having dispensed with the requirement of notice under clause (a) of sub-rule (3) of rule 5 of the said rule in public interest, hereby makes the following rules further to amend the Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules, 2016, namely:—

1. (1) These rules may be called the Bio-Medical Waste Management (Second Amendment) Rules, 2019.
(2) They shall come into force on the date of their publication in the Official Gazette.
2. In the Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules, 2016 (hereinafter referred to as the said rules), in rule 4, in clause (d), the following Explanation shall be inserted, namely:—
“**Explanation.**— For removal of doubts, it is hereby clarified that the expression “Chlorinated plastic bags” shall not include urine bags, effluent bags, abdominal bags and chest drainage bags.”.
3. In Schedule III to the said rules, against serial number 3, in column (3), in item (viii), for the brackets and letters “(viii)”, the brackets and letters “(vii)” shall be substituted.

[F. No. 3-1/2000-HSMD]

ARVIND KUMAR NAUTIYAL, Jt. Secy.

Note: The principal rules were published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), *vide* number G.S.R. 343(E), dated the 28th March, 2016 and subsequently amended *vide* number G.S.R. 234(E), dated the 16th March, 2018 and number G.S.R. 129(E), dated the 19th February, 2019.

रजिस्ट्री सं० डी० एल०-33004/99

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Annexure - 8
REGD. NO. D. L.-33004/99

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असाधारण

EXTRAORDINARY

भाग II—खण्ड 3—उप-खण्ड (i)

PART II—Section 3—Sub-section (i)

प्राधिकार से प्रकाशित

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

सं. 113]

नई दिल्ली, बुधवार, फरवरी 20, 2019/फाल्गुन 1, 1940

No. 113]

NEW DELHI, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 2019/PHALGUNA 1, 1940

MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT, FOREST AND CLIMATE CHANGE

NOTIFICATION

New Delhi, the 19th February, 2019

G.S.R. 129(E).—In exercise of the powers conferred by Sections 6.8 and 25 of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 (29 of 1986) read with sub-rule (4) of rule 5 of the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, the Central Government, after having dispensed with the requirement of notice under clause(a) of sub-rule (3) of rule 5 of the said rule in public interest, hereby makes the following rules further to amend the Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules, 2016, namely:-

1. (1) These rules may be called the Bio-Medical Waste Management (Amendment) Rules, 2019.
- (2) They shall come into force on the date of their publication in the Official Gazette.

2. In the Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules, 2016 (herein after referred to as the said rules), in rule 4,-
 - (i) For clause (n), the following clause, shall be substituted, namely:-
“(n) in case of all bedded health care units, maintain and update on day to day basis the bio-medical waste management register and display the monthly record on its website according to the bio-medical waste generated in terms of category and colour coding as specified in Schedule I;”
 - (ii) For clause (p), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:-
“(p) in case of all bedded health care facilities (any number of beds), make available the annual report on its web-site within a period of two years from the date of publication of the Bio-Medical Waste Management (Amendment) Rules, 2018;”
3. In Schedule II to the said rules, against serial number 8, in item (1), in the Note, for clause 3, the following clause shall be substituted, namely: -
“3. Health Care Facilities having less than ten beds shall have to comply with the output discharge standard for liquid waste by 31st December, 2019;”
4. In Schedule III to the said rules, -
 - (i) Against serial number 3, in column (3), after item (vi), the following item shall be inserted, namely: -
“(viii) Inspection and monitoring of Medical Inspection (MI) rooms, sick bays onboard ships or submarines, station medical centres and field hospitals in forward locations operated by the Director General, Armed Force Medical Services;”
 - (ii) Against serial number 4, in column (3), for item (viii), the following item shall be substituted, namely: -
“(viii) Inspection and monitoring of health care facilities other than Medical Inspection (MI) rooms, sick bays on board ships or submarines, station medical centres and field hospitals in forward locations operated by the Director General, Armed Forces Medical Services (Rule-9);”

[F. No. 3-1/2000-HSMD]
RITESH KUMAR SINGH, Jt. Secy.

Note : The Principal rules were published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), vide number G.S.R. 343(E), dated the 28th March, 2016 and subsequently amended vide number G.S.R. 234(E), dated the 16th March, 2018.



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असाधारण

EXTRAORDINARY

भाग II—खण्ड 3—उप-खण्ड (i)

PART II—Section 3—Sub-section (i)

प्राधिकार से प्रकाशित

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

सं. 300]

नई दिल्ली, सोमवार, मई 13, 2019/वैशाख 23, 1941

No. 300]

NEW DELHI, MONDAY, MAY 13, 2019/VAISAKHA 23, 1941

पर्यावरण, वन और जलवायु परिवर्तन मंत्रालय

अधिसूचना

नई दिल्ली, 10 मई, 2019

सा.का. नि. 360(ब).—पर्यावरण (संरक्षण) नियम, 1986 के नियम 5 के उप-नियम (4) के साथ पठित पर्यावरण (संरक्षण) अधिनियम, 1986 (1986 का 29) की धारा 6, 8 और 25 द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केंद्रीय सरकार उक्त नियम के नियम 5 के उप-नियम (3) के खंड (क) के अधीन जनहित में दी गई सूचना की अपेक्षा को समाप्त करने के पश्चात, जैव-चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट प्रबंधन नियम, 2016 का और संशोधन करने के लिए निम्नलिखित नियम बनाती है, अर्थात् :—

1. (1) इन नियमों का संक्षिप्त नाम जैव-चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट प्रबंधन (दूसरा संशोधन) नियम, 2019 है।

(2) ये राजपत्र में इनके प्रकाशन की तारीख को प्रवृत्त होंगे।

2. जैव-चिकित्सा अपशिष्ट प्रबंधन नियम, 2016 (जिसे इसमें इसके पश्चात् उक्त नियम कहा गया है) के नियम 4 में, खण्ड (घ) में, निम्नलिखित स्पष्टीकरण अन्तःस्थापित किया जाएगा, अर्थात् :-

“स्पष्टीकरण – शंकाओं के दूर करने के लिए यह स्पष्ट किया जाता है कि “क्लोरीनीकृत प्लास्टिक थैलियों” अभिव्यक्ति में मूत्र थैलियां, बहिःस्राव थैलियां, उदरीय थैलियां और वक्षीय जल निकास थैलियां सम्मिलित नहीं होंगी।”

3. उक्त नियमों की अनुसूची 3 की क्रम सं. 4 के सामने, स्तंभ (3) की मद सं. (vii) में, जो “महानिदेशक, सशस्त्र बल चिकित्सा सेवा द्वारा प्रचालित चिकित्सा निरीक्षण (एमआइ) कक्षों, जहाजों पर रोगी कक्ष या पनडुब्बी, स्टेशन चिकित्सा केन्द्रों तथा अग्रिम स्थानों में स्थित क्षेत्र अस्पतालों को छोड़कर अन्य स्वास्थ्य केन्द्रों का निरीक्षण और निगरानी (नियम 9) में “(vii) कोष्ठक और अंक के स्थान पर “(viii) कोष्ठक और अंक रखे जाएंगे।

[फा.सं. 3-1/2000-एचएसएमडी]

अरविन्द कुमार नौटियाल, संयुक्त सचिव



टिप्पण : मूल नियम भारत के राजपत्र, असाधारण, भाग-II, खंड 3, उप-खंड (i) में अधिसूचना सं. सा.का.नि. 343 (अ) तारीख, 28 मार्च, 2016 द्वारा प्रकाशित किए गए थे और तत्पश्चात इनमें अधिसूचना सं. सा.का.नि. 234 (अ) तारीख 16 मार्च, 2018 और सं. सा.का.नि. 129 (अ) 19 फरवरी, 2019 द्वारा संशोधन किए गए थे।

MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT, FOREST AND CLIMATE CHANGE

NOTIFICATION

New Delhi, the 10th May, 2019

G.S.R. 360(E).—In exercise of the powers conferred by Sections 6, 8 and 25 of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 (29 of 1986) read with sub-rule (4) of rule 5 of the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, the Central Government, after having dispensed with the requirement of notice under clause (a) of sub-rule (3) of rule 5 of the said rule in public interest, hereby makes the following rules further to amend the Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules, 2016, namely:—

1. (1) These rules may be called the Bio-Medical Waste Management (Second Amendment) Rules, 2019.
(2) They shall come into force on the date of their publication in the Official Gazette.
2. In the Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules, 2016 (hereinafter referred to as the said rules), in rule 4, in clause (d), the following Explanation shall be inserted, namely:—
“**Explanation.**— For removal of doubts, it is hereby clarified that the expression “Chlorinated plastic bags” shall not include urine bags, effluent bags, abdominal bags and chest drainage bags.”.
3. In Schedule III to the said rules, against serial number 3, in column (3), in item (viii), for the brackets and letters “(viii)”, the brackets and letters “(vii)” shall be substituted.

[F. No. 3-1/2000-HSMD]

ARVIND KUMAR NAUTIYAL, Jt. Secy.

Note: The principal rules were published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), *vide* number G.S.R. 343(E), dated the 28th March, 2016 and subsequently amended *vide* number G.S.R. 234(E), dated the 16th March, 2018 and number G.S.R. 129(E), dated the 19th February, 2019.

नरेश पाल गंगवार, आई.एस.
Naresh Pal Gangwar, IAS



पर्यावरण, वन एवं जलवायु परिवर्तन मंत्रालय
ADDITIONAL SECRETARY
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT, FOREST
AND CLIMATE CHANGE

D.O. No. 20/4/2021-HSMD

Dated: 14th October, 2022

Respected Sir,

The Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change (MoEFCC) is administering the Bio-medical Waste Management (BMW) Rules, 2016 for scientific disposal of BMW. Further, to assist stakeholders in the implementation of the BMW Rules, 2016, the Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB) has also formulated various guidelines.

2. I would like to emphasize here that the purpose of these rules is to uniformly implement its provisions across the country with support of various stakeholders like the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, State Health Department, State Pollution Control Boards/ Pollution Control Committees (SPCBs/ PCCs), Occupiers (waste generators), Common Bio-Medical Waste Treatment Facility Operators (CBWTFs) etc. In this regard, it is noteworthy to mention here the important role played by various stakeholders and facilities during the COVID-19 pandemic period towards effective management of COVID-19 waste.

3. May I highlight here that the Ministry often comes across media reports, and receive representations from civil society/ stakeholder groups on non-compliance of BMW Rules, 2016/ CPCB Guidelines. The major issues highlighted in such complaints are related to unscientific/ non-compliant functioning of Healthcare Facilities (HCFs)/ CBWTFs, lack of gap-analysis studies & monitoring by SPCBs/ PCCs, non-consideration of gap-analysis reports while grant of environmental clearances by SEIAA, illegal dumping of BMW by HCFs/ CBWTFs, earmarking of HCFs for BMW treatment to CBWTFs against distance criteria etc. It is to be noted that new facilities may be allowed on the basis of gap analysis by SPCBs wherever required.

4. In light of the above, I would request you to intervene in the matter and ensure that gap-analysis studies and BMW Rules, 2016/ CPCB guideline provisions must become the one of the fundamental grounds of granting ECs to HCFs/ CBWTFs. Further, the SPCBs/ PCCs may be directed to ensure effective monitoring of CBWTFs and ensure that all CBWTFs within their jurisdiction come under the ambit of Online Continuous Emission Monitoring System and connect with CPCB server. In case of insufficient capacity, proper gap analysis be made and new facilities may be allowed. If required, the non-compliant entities can be penalized, and asked to deposit of requisite environmental compensation.

With regards,

Yours sincerely,

(Naresh Pal Gangwar)

Shri Manoj Singh
Principal Secretary,
Environment, Forest and
Climate Change Department,
Government of Uttar Pradesh,
Bapu Bhawan, 2nd Floor, Lucknow- 226 001.
psforest2015@gmail.com



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नरेश पाल गंगवार, आई ए.एस.
Naresh Pal Gangwar, IAS



अपर सचिव
भारत सरकार
पर्यावरण वन एवं जलवायु परिवर्तन मंत्रालय
ADDITIONAL SECRETARY
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT, FOREST
AND CLIMATE CHANGE

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D.O. No. 20/4/2021-HSMD

Dated: 18th October, 2022

Respected Sir,

The Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change (MoEFCC) is administering the Bio-medical Waste Management (BMW) Rules, 2016 for scientific disposal of BMW. Further, to assist stakeholders in the implementation of the BMW Rules, 2016, the Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB) has also formulated various guidelines. The purpose of these rules is to uniformly implement its provisions across the country with support of various stakeholders like the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, State Health Department, State Pollution Control Boards/ Pollution Control Committees (SPCBs/ PCCs), Occupiers (waste generators), Common Bio-Medical Waste Treatment Facility Operators (CBWTFs) etc.

2. May I highlight here that the Ministry often comes across media reports, and receive representations from civil society/ stakeholder groups on non-compliance of BMW Rules, 2016/ CPCB Guidelines. The major issues highlighted in such complaints are related to unscientific/ non-compliant functioning of Healthcare Facilities (HCFs)/ CBWTFs, lack of gap-analysis studies & monitoring by SPCBs/ PCCs, non-consideration of gap-analysis reports while grant of environmental clearances by SEIAA, illegal dumping of BMW by HCFs/ CBWTFs, earmarking of HCFs for BMW treatment to CBWTFs against distance criteria etc.

3. In compliance to the Hon'ble NGT's directions in the matter of O.A. No. 180 of 2021 (Mukul Kumar vs. Uttar Pradesh Pollution Control Board & Ors.), the Ministry had coordinated with CPCB for preparation of a 'Standard Monitoring Framework', which has been submitted to Hon'ble NGT. The provisions of framework aim to facilitate SPCBs/ PCCs in compliance monitoring of HCFs/ CBWTFs. A copy of the same is attached for implementation.

4. In light of the above, I would request you to intervene in the matter and ensure that compliance to BMW Rules, 2016/ CPCB guideline provisions must become the fundamental ground for grant/ renewal of consent and authorization to HCFs/ CBWTFs. All the CBWTFs be brought under the ambit of Online Continuous Emission Monitoring System and connect with CPCB server. In case of insufficient BMW treatment capacity, proper gap analysis be undertaken, and new facilities may be allowed. Further, non-compliant entities be penalized, and asked to deposit requisite environmental compensation.

With regards,

Yours sincerely,

(Naresh Pal Gangwar)

Shri Manoj Singh,
Chairman
Uttar Pradesh Pollution Control Board,
Building No.TC-12V Vibhuti Khand, Gomti Nagar,
Lucknow- 226010.
chairman@uppcb.in



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नरेश पाल गंगवार, आई.ए.एस.
Naresh Pal Gangwar, IAS



अपर सचिव
भारत सरकार
पर्यावरण वन एवं जलवायु परिवर्तन मंत्रालय
ADDITIONAL SECRETARY
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT, FOREST
AND CLIMATE CHANGE

D.O. No. 20/4/2021-HSMD

Dated: 18th October, 2022

Respected Sir

The Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change (MoEFCC) is administering the Bio-medical Waste Management (BMW) Rules, 2016 for scientific disposal of BMW. Further, to assist stakeholders in the implementation of the BMW Rules, 2016, the Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB) has also formulated various guidelines. The purpose of these rules is to uniformly implement its provisions across the country with support of various stakeholders like the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, State Health Department, State Pollution Control Boards/ Pollution Control Committees (SPCBs/ PCCs), Occupiers (waste generators), Common Bio-Medical Waste Treatment Facility Operators (CBWTFs) etc.

2. May I highlight here that the Ministry often comes across media reports, and receive representations from civil society/ stakeholder groups on non-compliance of BMW Rules, 2016/ CPCB Guidelines. The major issues highlighted in such complaints are related to unscientific/ non-compliant functioning of Healthcare Facilities (HCFs)/ CBWTFs, lack of gap-analysis studies & monitoring by SPCBs/ PCCs, non-consideration of gap-analysis reports while grant of environmental clearances by State Environment Impact Assessment Authorities (SEIAA), illegal dumping of BMW by HCFs/ CBWTFs, earmarking of HCFs for BMW treatment to CBWTFs against distance criteria etc.

3. In light of the above, I would request you to intervene in the matter and ensure that the grant of ECs by the SEIAA must be based on gap analysis studies undertaken by the concerned SPCBs/ PCCs duly highlighting the difference in the BMW generated vis-à-vis the treatment capacity available.

With regards,

Yours sincerely,

(Naresh Pal Gangwar)

Dr. Rajiv Kumar Garg
Chairman, SEIAA, Uttar Pradesh
199, Mandakini Enclave, Alaknanda, New Delhi - 110019
chairman.seiaa.up@gmail.com



पृथ्वी विंग, पाववा तल कमरा नं 505 इंदिरा पर्यावरण भवन, जोर बाग रोड
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S S <satyapriyashilpi@gmail.com>

O.A. 496/2023 - Before NGT, Principal Bench, New Delhi (Service of Reply on behalf of Respondent No.2 - MoEF)

S S <satyapriyashilpi@gmail.com>

Thu, Sep 7, 2023 at 10:56 AM

To: Satyendrarawsawai@gmail.com

Cc: Mpcckanpur@gmail.com, Pccf-up@nic.in, Ccb.cpcb@nic.in, Kamleshsingh.cpcb@gov.in, Sanand.cpcb@nic.in, Ms@uppcb.in, Ceo7@uppcb.in, Feedback@uppcb.com, Roagra@uppcb.in

Bcc: commagr@up.nic.in

To,

1. The Petitioner & its Counsel
2. Respondent Nos. 1 & 3 - 8

Sub : Reply on behalf of Respondent No.2 - MoEF in O.A. 496/2023

Dear Sir,

As you are aware that Notice was issued in the above mentioned O.A on 7.8.2023 , and time to file reply was granted to all Respondents. The relevant portion of the order is reproduced below: -

"9. Issue notice to the respondents, returnable within four weeks. Respondents are directed to submit their reply within six weeks through E-filing portal, preferably in the form of searchable PDF/ OCR Support PDF and not in the form of Image PDF."

In compliance with the orders, please find attached advance copy of reply on behalf of Respondent No. 2, proposed to be filed before NGT, Principal Bench, New Delhi .The matter is listed on **25.9.2023**.

This is for your perusal & record.

Best,

SHILPI SATYAPRIYA SATYAM**Advocate-on-Record, Supreme Court of India**

Mob : 9810445088

(Counsel for Respondent No.2 - MoEF & CC)

LAW CHAMBERS:**KAUSHIK & ASSOCIATES***Advocates & Legal Consultants*

51, Lawyers`s Chamber

Supreme Court of India

New Delhi - 110001

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 **OA 496 - REPLY by R2 MoEF.pdf**
3040K